

CITY OF MUKILTEO, WASHINGTON WISE INVESTMENTS IN TRANSPORTATION TASKFORCE MEETING MINUTES March 23, 2016 City Council Chambers—11930 Cyrus Way

Call to order

Chairperson Joe Marine called the meeting to order at 6:36 p.m.

Roll Call

<u>Committee Members Present</u>: Len Baron, Diane Cooper, Melanie Field, Councilmember Randy Lord, Joe Marine, Laura McCarty, Kevin Wilson <u>Staff Present</u>: Marko Liias, Policy Analyst; Andrea Swisstack, Assistant City Engineer; Glen Pickus, Planning Manager

Agenda order

No changes

Meeting Items:

• Approve Meeting Minutes from February 24, 2016

Melanie Field moved to approve the meeting minutes as presented. Diane Cooper seconded the motion which was approved unanimously

• Transportation Funding Scenarios

Policy Analyst Liias distributed a summary of the Transportation Funding Tools which the Taskforce had reviewed and prioritized in February. On the basis of the prioritization, staff constructed 10 different potential funding scenarios which were distributed and discussed indepth. The taskforce was concerned with the overall impacts of revenue increases, combining too many funding tools and complicating the issue for residents, specific impacts on various user types, balancing the impacts across various user groups, and the risks of voters rejecting a potential ballot measure. Policy Analyst also distributed a summary of all ten scenarios' impacts on various user groups.

- Public Outreach Strategies (tabled until April once more information is available)
- Discuss Next Steps

Based on the discussion, Taskforce members identified five scenarios for further review and discussion (Scenarios 1A, 2A, 5A, 5B, and 5C). In April, the Taskforce will further review these approaches and develop pro/con narratives for inclusion in a final report to the City Council.

Public Comments

None

Reports and Communications

None

Comments from Staff

None

Adjournment: 8:35 p.m.

Next meeting: April 27, 2016

Exhibits: Transportation Funding Tools summary, Scenarios, Impacts on User Groups

summary

Transportation Funding Tools

			O		
Funding Tool	Vote Req'd	Form TBD	Restrict	Rate	Potential Revenue
Tier 1					
Banked Property Tax	No	No	No	\$0.09/\$1,000 AV	\$350,000
Business Licenses	No	No	No	FTE fee	\$50K-\$100K
Paid Parking	No	No	No	Varies	\$50K-\$100K
Sales Tax	Yes	Yes	Yes	0.1%-0.2%	\$325K-\$650K
Utility Taxes: Garbage	No	No	No	1%+	\$40,000+
Vehicle License Fee	No	Yes	Yes	\$20-\$40-\$50	\$260K-\$650K
Tier 2					

Yes

No

Yes

Yes

Up to \$1.80/\$1,000

1-5%

1%+

\$50-\$100/vehicle

Up to \$6.8M

\$110K-\$550K

\$400,000+

\$650K-\$1.3M

Utility Taxes: Water/Sewer Utility Taxes: Gas/Power/

Do Not Consider

Vehicle License Fee

Levy Lid Lift

TV/Phone

Yes No

Yes

Yes

No

No

No

Yes

Scenario 1A: Vehicle Fee

Basic Maintenance Street Preservation		\$900,000 \$900,000
Existing REET	\$450,000	
Banked Property Tax	\$350,000	
Business Licenses (\$0.0228		
to \$0.027 FTE)	\$50,000	
Paid Parking (increase from		
\$2 to \$2.25 per hour)	\$50,000	
Transportation Enhancements		<u>\$260,000</u>
Reconstruct Failed Roadways		
Vehicle License Fee (\$20)	\$60,000	
Bike Path Construction		
Vehicle License Fee (\$20)	\$60,000	
Sidewalk Construction		
Vehicle License Fee (\$20)	\$60,000	
Traffic Calming		
Vehicle License Fee (\$20)	\$25,000	
ADA Improvements		
Vehicle License Fee (\$20)	\$55,000	

This scenario funds basic maintenance first. Basic maintenance is funded through redirecting existing real estate excise tax to maintenance and by increasing several existing revenue sources. New transportation enhancements would be funded by a newly-imposed vehicle license fee.

REET Uses	Current	Proposed
Street Maintenance	\$300,000	\$450,000
Bike Path Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Sidewalk Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	\$0
ADA Improvements	\$25,000	\$0

Funding Summary		
Street Preservation	\$960,000	78%
Bike Path Construction	\$60,000	5%
Sidewalk Construction	\$60,000	5%
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	2%
ADA Improvements	\$55,000	4%
Total Funding	\$1,160,000	

Impacts on User Groups	
City Residents	
Homeowners (4 ppl)	\$75
Renters (2 ppl)	\$25
Local Businesses	
Large business	\$7,300
Small business	\$80
Visitors	Yes

Assumptions: \$420,600 home, 2 cars 1 car

\$32.7 million facility, 25 vehicles \$220,000 office, 3 vehicles

Scenario 1B: Vehicle Fee

Basic Maintenance		<u>\$900,000</u>
Street Preservation		\$900,000
Existing REET	\$450,000	
Banked Property Tax	\$350,000	
Paid Parking (increase from		
\$2 to \$2.50 per hour)	\$100,000	
Transportation Enhancements		<u>\$520,000</u>
<u>Transportation Enhancements</u> Reconstruct Failed Roadways		<u>\$520,000</u>
	\$135,000	<u>\$520,000</u>
Reconstruct Failed Roadways	\$135,000	<u>\$520,000</u>
Reconstruct Failed Roadways Vehicle License Fee (\$40)	\$135,000 \$130,000	\$520,000
Reconstruct Failed Roadways Vehicle License Fee (\$40) Bike Path Construction		\$520,000

Traffic Calming

ADA Improvements

Vehicle License Fee (\$40)

Vehicle License Fee (\$40)

Summary

This scenario funds basic maintenance first. Basic maintenance is funded through redirecting existing real estate excise tax to maintenance and by increasing several existing revenue sources (slightly different than Scenario 1A). New transportation enhancements would be funded by a newly-imposed vehicle license fee. The vehicle license fee would be \$20 for two years and then rise to \$40 per vehicle.

REET Uses	Current	Proposed
Street Maintenance	\$300,000	\$450,000
Bike Path Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Sidewalk Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	\$0
ADA Improvements	\$25,000	\$0

\$25,000

\$100,000

Funding Summary		
Street Preservation	\$1,035,000	67%
Bike Path Construction	\$130,000	8%
Sidewalk Construction	\$130,000	8%
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	2%
ADA Improvements	\$100,000	6%
Total Funding	\$1,420,000	

Impacts on User Groups	
City Residents	
Homeowners (4 ppl)	\$115
Renters (2 ppl)	\$45
Local Businesses	
Large business	\$4,000
Small business	\$140
Visitors	Yes
	City Residents Homeowners (4 ppl) Renters (2 ppl) Local Businesses Large business Small business

Assumptions: \$420,600 home, 2 cars 1 car

\$32.7 million facility, 25 vehicles \$220,000 office, 3 vehicles

Scenario 2A: Sales Tax

Basic Maintenance Street Preservation		\$900,000 \$900,000
Existing REET	\$450,000	\$900,000
Banked Property Tax Business Licenses (\$0.0228	\$350,000	
to \$0.0245 FTE) Utility Tax: Solid waste (2%	\$20,000	
increase)	\$80,000	
Transportation Enhancements		<u>\$325,000</u>
Reconstruct Failed Roadways		
V New Sales Tax (0.1%)	\$80,000	
Bike Path Construction		
V New Sales Tax (0.1%)	\$80,000	
Sidewalk Construction		
V New Sales Tax (0.1%)	\$80,000	
Traffic Calming		
V New Sales Tax (0.1%)	\$25,000	
ADA Improvements		

This scenario funds basic maintenance first. Basic maintenance is funded through redirecting existing real estate excise tax to maintenance and by increasing several existing revenue sources (slightly different than Scenario 1A/1B). New transportation enhancements would be funded by a voterapproved sales tax increase.

REET Uses	Current	Proposed
Street Maintenance	\$300,000	\$450,000
Bike Path Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Sidewalk Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	\$0
ADA Improvements	\$25,000	\$0

V New Sales Tax (0.1%)

\$60,000

Funding Summary		
Street Preservation	\$980,000	84%
Bike Path Construction	\$80,000	7%
Sidewalk Construction	\$80,000	7%
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	2%
ADA Improvements	\$60,000	5%
Total Funding	\$1,225,000	

Impacts on User Groups	
City Residents	
Homeowners (4 ppl)	\$61
Renters (2 ppl)	\$20
Local Businesses	
Large business	\$7,000
Small business	\$55
Visitors	Yes

Assumptions: \$420,600 home, \$5/person sales tax \$5/person sales tax

\$32.7 million facility, \$5/employee sales tax \$220,000 office, \$5/employee sales tax

Scenario 2B: Sales Tax

Basic Maintenance Street Preservation	¢450,000	\$900,000 \$900,000
Existing REET Banked Property Tax	\$450,000 \$350,000	
Business Licenses (\$0.0228	4330,000	
to \$0.028 FTE)	\$60,000	
Utility Tax: Solid waste (1%		
increase)	\$40,000	
Transportation Enhancements		<u>\$650,000</u>
Reconstruct Failed Roadways		
V New Sales Tax (0.2%)	\$175,000	
Bike Path Construction		
V New Sales Tax (0.2%)	\$175,000	
Sidewalk Construction		
V New Sales Tax (0.2%)	\$175,000	
Traffic Calming		
V New Sales Tax (0.2%)	\$25,000	
ADA Improvements		
V New Sales Tax (0.2%)	\$100,000	

Summary	,
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This scenario funds basic maintenance first. Basic maintenance is funded through redirecting existing real estate excise tax to maintenance and by increasing several existing revenue sources (slightly different than Scenario 1A/1B/2A). New transportation enhancements would be funded by a voter-approved sales tax increase.

REET Uses	Current	Proposed
Street Maintenance	\$300,000	\$450,000
Bike Path Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Sidewalk Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	\$0
ADA Improvements	\$25,000	\$0

Funding Summary		
Street Preservation	\$1,075,000	76%
Bike Path Construction	\$175,000	12%
Sidewalk Construction	\$175,000	12%
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	2%
ADA Improvements	\$100,000	7%
Total Funding	\$1,550,000	

Impacts on User Groups	
City Residents	
Homeowners (4 ppl)	\$78
Renters (2 ppl)	\$27
Local Businesses	
Large business	\$11,850
Small business	\$68
Visitors	Yes

Assumptions: \$420,600 home, \$10/person sales tax \$10/person sales tax

\$32.7 million facility, \$10/employee sales tax \$220,000 office, \$10/employee sales tax

Scenario 3: No Property Tax

Basic Maintenance Street Preservation		\$900,000 \$900,000
Existing REET	\$450,000	
Vehicle License Fee (\$20) Business Licenses (\$0.0228	\$260,000	
to \$0.031 FTE) Paid Parking (increase from	\$90,000	
\$2 to \$2.50 per hour)	\$100,000	
Transportation Enhancements		\$325,000
Reconstruct Failed Roadways		
V New Sales Tax (0.1%)	\$80,000	
Bike Path Construction		
V New Sales Tax (0.1%)	\$80,000	
Sidewalk Construction		
V New Sales Tax (0.1%)	\$80,000	
Traffic Calming		
V New Sales Tax (0.1%)	\$25,000	
ADA Improvements		

Summary

This scenario does not include any increase in property taxes. This scenario funds basic maintenance first. Basic maintenance is funded by redirecting existing real estate excise tax to maintenance, by increasing several existing revenue sources (different than Scenario 1A/1B/2A/2B), and by a newly-imposed vehicle license fee. New transportation enhancements would be funded by a voter-approved sales tax increase.

REET Uses	Current	Proposed
Street Maintenance	\$300,000	\$450,000
Bike Path Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Sidewalk Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	\$0
ADA Improvements	\$25,000	\$0

\$60,000

New Sales Tax (0.1%)

Funding Summary		
Street Preservation	\$980,000	80%
Bike Path Construction	\$80,000	7%
Sidewalk Construction	\$80,000	7%
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	2%
ADA Improvements	\$60,000	5%
Total Funding	\$1,225,000	

Impacts on User Groups	
City Residents	
Homeowners (4 ppl)	\$60
Renters (2 ppl)	\$30
Local Businesses	
Large business	\$9,900
Small business	\$75
Visitors	Yes

Assumptions:

2 cars, \$5/person sales tax 1 car, \$5/person sales tax

25 vehicles, \$5/employee sales tax 3 vehicles, \$5/employee sales tax

Scenario 4: Property Tax

Basic Maintenance		\$900,000
Street Preservation		\$900,000
Existing REET	\$450,000	
Banked Property Tax	\$350,000	
Utility Tax: Water/sewer (1%		
increase)	\$100,000	

Summary

\$360,000

This scenario funds basic maintenance first. Basic maintenance is funded by redirecting existing real estate excise tax to maintenance and by increasing several existing revenue sources (different than previous scenarios). New transportation enhancements would be funded by a voterapproved property tax increase.

Transportation Enhancements

Reconstruct Failed Roadways

 V
 Levy Lid Lift (\$0.09)
 \$90,000

 Utility Tax: Water/Sewer
 \$10,000

Bike Path Construction
V Levy Lid Lift (\$0.09)

V Levy Lid Lift (\$0.09) \$80,000 Sidewalk Construction

V Levy Lid Lift (\$0.09) \$80,000

Traffic Calming

V Levy Lid Lift (\$0.09) \$25,000

ADA Improvements

V Levy Lid Lift (\$0.09) \$75,000

REET Uses	Current	Proposed
Street Maintenance	\$300,000	\$450,000
Bike Path Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Sidewalk Construction	\$50,000	\$0
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	\$0
ADA Improvements	\$25,000	\$0

Funding Summary		
Street Preservation	\$1,000,000	79%
Bike Path Construction	\$80,000	6%
Sidewalk Construction	\$80,000	6%
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	2%
ADA Improvements	\$75,000	6%
Total Funding	\$1,260,000	

Impacts on User Groups	
City Residents	
Homeowners (4 ppl)	\$77
Renters (2 ppl)	\$12
Local Businesses	
Large business	\$6,250
Small business	\$47
Visitors	No

Assumptions: \$420,600 home

\$32.7 million facility \$220,000 office

Scenario 5A: \$1.5m/Sales Tax

Basic Maintenance Street Preservation Existing REET \$450,000 Banked Property Tax \$350,000 V New Sales Tax (0.2%) Paid Parking (increase from \$2 to \$2.50 per hour) \$50,000

This scenario funds basic maintenance at a higher \$1.5 million per year level, using existing revenue sources plus a voterapproved sales tax increase. New

transportation enhancements are funded by

increasing existing revenue sources.

Summary

\$1,500,000

\$1,500,000

Transportation Enhancements		\$200,000
Bike Path Construction		
Utility Tax: W/S/G	\$62,500	
Sidewalk Construction		
Utility Tax: W/S/G	\$62,500	
Traffic Calming		
Utility Tax: W/S/G	\$25,000	
ADA Improvements		
Paid Parking	\$50,000	

Current	Proposed
\$300,000	\$450,000
\$50,000	\$0
\$50,000	\$0
\$25,000	\$0
\$25,000	\$0
	\$300,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$25,000

Funding Summary		
Street Preservation	\$1,500,000	88%
Bike Path Construction	\$62,500	4%
Sidewalk Construction	\$62,500	4%
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	1%
ADA Improvements	\$50,000	3%
Total Funding	\$1,700,000	

Impacts on User Groups	
City Residents	
Homeowners (4 ppl)	\$88
Renters (2 ppl)	\$29
Local Businesses	
Large business	\$9,250
Small business	\$63
Visitors	Yes

Assumptions: \$420,600 home, \$10/person sales tax \$10/person sales tax

\$32.7 million facility, \$10/employee sales tax \$220,000 office, \$10/employee sales tax

Scenario 5B: \$1.5m/Property Tax

Basic Maintenance \$1,500,000 Street Preservation \$1,500,000 Existing REET \$200,000 Banked Property Tax \$350,000 Levy Lid Lift (\$0.24 per \$950,000 \$950,000 \$950,000

Summary

This scenario funds basic maintenance at a higher \$1.5 million per year level, using existing revenue sources plus a voterapproved property tax increase. New transportation enhancements are funded by the existing real estate excise tax.

Transportation Enhancements		\$250,000
Bike Path Construction		
Existing REET	\$75,000	
Sidewalk Construction		
Existing REET	\$75,000	
Traffic Calming		
Existing REET	\$25,000	
ADA Improvements		
Existing REET	\$75,000	

REET Uses	Current	Proposed
Street Maintenance	\$300,000	\$200,000
Bike Path Construction	\$50,000	\$75,000
Sidewalk Construction	\$50,000	\$75,000
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	\$25,000
ADA Improvements	\$25,000	\$75,000

Funding Summary		
Street Preservation	\$1,500,000	86%
Bike Path Construction	\$75,000	4%
Sidewalk Construction	\$75,000	4%
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	1%
ADA Improvements	\$75,000	4%
Total Funding	\$1,750,000	

Impacts on User Groups	
City Residents	
Homeowners (4 ppl)	\$130
Renters (2 ppl)	\$19
Local Businesses	
Large business	\$11,140
Small business	\$74
Visitors	No

Assumptions: \$420,600 home

\$32.7 million facility \$220,000 office

Scenario 5C: \$1.5m/Council

Basic Maintenance		<u>\$1,500,000</u>
Street Preservation		\$1,500,000
Existing REET	\$280,000	
Banked Property Tax	\$350,000	
Paid Parking (increase from		
\$2 to \$2.50 per hour)	\$100,000	
Utility Tax: Solid waste (3%		
increase)	\$120,000	_
V Vehicle License Fee (\$50)	\$650,000	

<u>Transportation Enhancements</u> \$170,000

Bike Path Construction

Existing REET \$50,000

Sidewalk Construction

Existing REET \$50,000

Traffic Calming

Existing REET \$20,000

ADA Improvements

Existing REET \$50,000

Summary

This scenario funds basic maintenance at a higher \$1.5 million per year level, using existing revenue sources plus a newly-imposed vehicle license fee. New transportation enhancements are funded by the existing real estate excise tax. The vehicle license fee would be \$20 for the first two years, \$40 for the next two years, and reach \$50 in the fifth year.

REET Uses	Current	Proposed
Street Maintenance	\$300,000	\$280,000
Bike Path Construction	\$50,000	\$50,000
Sidewalk Construction	\$50,000	\$50,000
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	\$20,000
ADA Improvements	\$25,000	\$50,000

Funding Summary		
Street Preservation	\$1,500,000	90%
Bike Path Construction	\$50,000	3%
Sidewalk Construction	\$50,000	3%
Traffic Calming	\$20,000	1%
ADA Improvements	\$50,000	3%
Total Funding	\$1,670,000	

Impacts on User Groups	
City Residents	
Homeowners (4 ppl)	\$144
Renters (2 ppl)	\$60
Local Businesses	
Large business	\$4,500
Small business	\$179
Visitors	Yes

Assumptions: \$420,600 home, 2 cars 1 car

\$32.7 million facility, 25 vehicles \$220,000 office, 3 vehicles

Scenario 6: Unconstrained

Basic Maintenance \$2,230,000 Street Preservation \$2,230,000 Existing REET \$125,000 Banked Property Tax \$350,000 Levy Lid Lift (\$0.45 per \$1,000 AV) \$1,755,000

Summary

This scenario funds basic maintenance at at the unconstrained level of \$2.23 million per year level, using existing revenue sources plus a voter-approved property tax increase. New transportation enhancements are funded by the existing real estate excise tax.

Transportation Enhancements		\$325,000
Bike Path Construction		
Existing REET	\$100,000	
Sidewalk Construction		
Existing REET	\$100,000	
Traffic Calming		
Existing REET	\$25,000	
ADA Improvements		
Existing REET	\$100,000	

REET Uses	Current	Proposed
Street Maintenance	\$300,000	\$125,000
Bike Path Construction	\$50,000	\$100,000
Sidewalk Construction	\$50,000	\$100,000
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	\$25,000
ADA Improvements	\$25,000	\$100,000

Funding Summary		
Street Preservation	\$2,230,000	87%
Bike Path Construction	\$100,000	4%
Sidewalk Construction	\$100,000	4%
Traffic Calming	\$25,000	1%
ADA Improvements	\$100,000	4%
Total Funding	\$2,555,000	

Impacts on User Groups	
City Residents	
Homeowners (4 ppl)	\$210
Renters (2 ppl)	\$30
Local Businesses	
Large business	\$18,000
Small business	\$120
Visitors	No

Assumptions: \$420,600 home

\$32.7 million facility \$220,000 office

Impacts on User Groups

Homeowners	Renters	Large Business	Small Business	Overall
\$75	\$25	\$7,300	\$80	100%
\$115	\$45	\$4,000	\$140	0%
\$61	\$20	\$7,000	\$55	100%
\$78	\$27	\$11,850	\$68	75%
\$60	\$30	\$9,900	\$75	50%
\$77	\$12	\$6,250	\$47	100%
\$88	\$29	\$9,250	\$63	75%
\$130	\$19	\$11,140	\$74	50%
\$0	\$0	\$25	\$0	25%
\$210	\$30	\$18,000	\$120	0%
\$89	\$24	\$8,472	\$72	
\$78	\$26	\$8,275	\$71	
	\$75 \$115 \$61 \$78 \$60 \$77 \$88 \$130 \$0 \$210	\$75 \$25 \$115 \$45 \$61 \$20 \$78 \$27 \$60 \$30 \$77 \$12 \$88 \$29 \$130 \$19 \$0 \$0 \$210 \$30	\$75 \$25 \$7,300 \$115 \$45 \$4,000 \$61 \$20 \$7,000 \$78 \$27 \$11,850 \$60 \$30 \$9,900 \$77 \$12 \$6,250 \$88 \$29 \$9,250 \$130 \$19 \$11,140 \$0 \$0 \$25 \$210 \$30 \$18,000	\$75 \$25 \$7,300 \$80 \$115 \$45 \$4,000 \$140 \$61 \$20 \$7,000 \$55 \$78 \$27 \$11,850 \$68 \$60 \$30 \$9,900 \$75 \$77 \$12 \$6,250 \$47 \$88 \$29 \$9,250 \$63 \$130 \$19 \$11,140 \$74 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$25 \$0 \$210 \$30 \$18,000 \$120