

NOTE DATE CHANGE TO WEDNESDAY SEPT. 8, 2021 DUE TO SEPTEMBER 7, 2021 CITY COUNCIL MEETING Land Use & Economic
Development
Committee Agenda
Mukilteo City Hall - 11930 Cyrus
Way
Wednesday, September 8,
2021
5:30 PM - 7:00 PM

Zoom Virtual Meeting

Join Zoom Meeting

https://us02web.zoom.us/j/89508534531?pwd=WWdJWHJiVmtoMVFFU1gyRIVQOHpnUT09

BY PHONE:

1 253 215 8782 US (Tacoma) 1 669 900 9128 US (San Jose)

Meeting ID: 895 0853 4531

Passcode: 079637

CALL TO ORDER - 5:30 PM

Meeting Objectives:

- 1. Economic Recovery
- 2. Capital Facilities Element Amendments, to include an updated Six-Year Capital Improvement Program
- 3. Mukilteo Boys and Girls Clubs Public Use Agreement

ADJOURNMENT - 7:00 PM

Next Meeting Date: SUBJECT TO CONFIRMATION: Wednesday, October 6, 2021 (Committee indicated it would move meetings to Wednesday rather than Tuesday because of the number of Tuesday meeting conflicts)

• For accessibility information and for accommodation requests, please call the ADA Coordinator at (425) 263-8005 (or TRS (800) 833-6384 or dial 711), or visit https://mukilteowa.gov/departments/executive/ada-program/.

LAND USE & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE AGENDA REPORT						
SUBJECT TITLE: Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element amendments, to include an updated Six-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP)	FOR AGENDA OF: September 8, 2021					
Contact Staff: David Osaki, Community Development Director Shawn Hunstock, Finance Director	EXHIBITS: 1. Draft Ordinance with Capital Facilities Element amendments, to include an updated Six-Year Capital Improvement Program					
Department Director: David Osaki, Community Development Director	(CIP)					

RECOMMENDATION

Land Use & Economic Development Committee ("LU&ED Committee") to discuss amendments to the Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element, to include an updated Six-Year (2022-2027) Capital Improvement Program and 20-year project lists (see **Exhibit 1** for draft ordinance with amendments.)

SUMMARY

The Washington State Growth Management Act (GMA) requires that Mukilteo's Comprehensive Plan include a Capital Facilities Element. A component of the Capital Facilities Element is a Six-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP).

As part of the 2020 Preliminary Docket process, the City Council moved that amendments to the comprehensive plan capital facilities element, including a Six-Year CIP update, be part of the 2020 Final Docket.

Appendix I of the current *Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035* includes the existing Six-Year CIP and 20-year lists, both of which are updated with the draft ordinance **(Exhibit 1)**.

Although the GMA requires that proposed comprehensive plan amendments be considered by the governing body of the county or city no more frequently than once every year, RCW 36.70A.130 (2)(a)(iv) provides an exception to that requirement for capital facilities element amendments that occur concurrently with the adoption or amendment of a county or city budget. The proposed amendments to the Capital Facilities Element are planned to be adopted with the 2022 budget later this year.

BACKGROUND

The Washington State Growth Management Act (GMA) requires that GMA comprehensive plans include a Capital Facilities Element. A component of the Capital Facilities Element is a Six-Year CIP.

Capital facilities are sometimes referred to as "public facilities", as they are capital facilities owned and operated by public entities. For the City of Mukilteo, capital facilities primarily include transportation, surface water, parks, and City building facilities (e.g. Police Station, Fire Stations, City Hall, Rosehill Community Center). Other capital facilities (e.g. sewer, water, schools) are provided by other public agencies and are not included in the City of Mukilteo's Six-Year CIP.

The GMA's capital facilities project list requirement focuses on two time frames - 20-years and six-years and includes:

- 1) A list of new and expanded facilities over the comprehensive plan's <u>20-year time horizon</u>. Costs, revenue sources and timing of the projects for the <u>20 year list may be general</u>.
- 2) A <u>Six-Year CIP</u> (at least six-years) which identifies detailed project costs and revenues reasonably expected to be available to finance the specific capital facility.

Appendix I of the current Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035 includes the Six-Year CIP and 20-year lists. These are proposed to be deleted and replaced with the updated Six-Year CIP and 20-year project lists. Amendments, minor in nature, to the Capital Facilities Element text are also proposed.

Draft Ordinance

Exhibit 1 is a draft ordinance that implements an update to the Capital Facilities Element as intended in the 2020 Docket. The draft ordinance has three exhibits (A, B and C). Exhibit B is the most extensive, since it contains an updated, reformatted and more detailed Six-Year CIP.

A summary of the exhibits to the draft ordinance follows:

Exhibit A

Exhibit A to the draft ordinance amends the Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element (contained in the main Comprehensive Plan document). This includes minor changes to the Capital Facilities Element goals and policies and narrative. Deleted from this section are the current Six-Year CIP and 20 year project lists, which are being updated with this amendment.

Exhibit B

Exhibit B represents amendments for an updated Six-Year CIP and updated 20-year project lists. Exhibit B will be a stand-alone document, but will still be part of the Capital Facilities Element. Exhibit B satisfies a GMA requirement to plan for capital facilities centered around the six-year and 20-year time frames.

This Six-Year CIP itself is organized into two major sections with Appendices as follows:

Section 1. Background Text and Narrative

Section 1 provides general information about capital facilities planning and the Six-Year CIP including:

- Why Plan for Capital Improvements?
- Capital Improvement Program Benefits
- Relationship to GMA and Concurrency
- Capital Improvements Types, Non-City Capital Improvements
- Relationship to City Budget and Financial Policies
- Revenue Sources
- Public Participation, Outreach and Equity

Updating the Capital Improvement Program

Section 2. Six-Year Capital Improvement Program

Section 2 includes financial tables related to capital planning for the Six-Year time frame. It also identifies the capital projects that constitute the Six-Year CIP.

Each capital project has a project detail sheet that summarizes the project, location, identifies project costs, timing, and anticipated revenue sources. Where applicable, the relevant adopted City plan (e.g. Parks, Recreation, Open Space, and Arts (PROSA) Plan, Six-Year Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)) where the project is identified is specified.

The Six-Year CIP also has **Appendices**. The Appendix includes:

Appendix A - 20 Year Project Lists

Appendix A is the 20-year project lists (years 7-20) for parks, transportation, surface water and non-motorized transportation projects to address the Comprehensive Plan's 20-year time horizon.

Appendix B - Capital Facilities Element Goals and Policies/Text

Appendix *B* includes the City of Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element including its goals and policies. Several Comprehensive Plan policies reference the Six-Year CIP. Including the goals and policies in the Six-Year CIP makes cross referencing to the goals and policies easier.

Appendix C - Definitions

Appendix C includes definitions from the GMA and the Washington Administrative Code related to capital facilities.

Appendix D - Adopting Ordinance

Appendix D will be a copy of the Ordinance that adopts the Capital Facilities Element amendments.

Draft Ordinance - Exhibit C

Exhibit C will be the findings and conclusions supporting and justifying the City Council's action on the draft ordinance, if and when adopted.

Next Steps

As a comprehensive plan amendment, the proposed ordinance is scheduled for a Planning Commission public hearing at its September 16, 2021 meeting. The Planning Commission will make a recommendation to the City Council. A City Council public hearing will occur during the 2022 budget process.

ALTERNATIVES

None, for Committee briefing at this time.

EXHIBIT 1

CITY OF MUKILTEO MUKILTEO, WASHINGTON

ORDINANCE NO. XXXX

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MUKILTEO, WASHINGTON, RELATING TO THE CAPITAL FACILITIES ELEMENT OF THE MUKILTEO COMPREHENSIVE PLAN, AMENDING THE CAPITAL FACILITIES ELEMENT, UPDATING THE MUKILTEO SIX-YEAR AND TWENTY-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS (CIP), PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY AND ESTABLISHING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the Growth Management Act, Revised Code of Washington (RCW) Chapter 36.70A, requires that every city planning under the GMA periodically update its comprehensive plan; and

WHEREAS, the Washington State Growth Management Act (GMA) requires counties and cities to prepare Capital Facilities Elements pursuant to RCW 36.70A.070; and

WHEREAS, the City of Mukilteo (City) Comprehensive Plan includes a Capital Facilities Element with Goals and Policies, references to more detailed capital improvement plans in other GMA adopted plans, as well as an appendix with a six-year capital improvement program and twenty-year capital improvement program; and

WHEREAS, the City of Mukilteo has previously adopted a Capital Facilities Element, along with related Goals and Policies and a six-year and 20-year capital improvement programs; and

WHEREAS, Chapter 36.70A RCW further provides that updates, amendments or revisions to the comprehensive plan may be considered no more than once per year, except in limited circumstances; and

WHEREAS, the Growth Management Act (RCW 36. 70A. 130) provides for an exception to the one amendment per year for capital facilities element amendments adopted concurrently with the adoption of the city budget or budget amendment; and

WHEREAS, the Mukilteo City Council is adopting this six-year Capital Improvement Program with the adoption of the City's 2022 budget; and

WHEREAS, the Capital Facilities Plan is a long-range financial plan that allows the City to prioritize public projects and identify funding sources; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with RCW 36.70A.106 the City of Mukilteo notified the Washington State Department of Commerce of the City's intent to adopt an amendment to the Comprehensive Plan for the purposes of State agency 60-day review; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the State Environmental Policy Act, the City of Mukilteo acted as the lead agency for review of the Capital Facilities Element amendments and update to the 2022-2017 Capital Improvement program issued a Determination of Non-Significance pursuant to WAC 197-11-340(2) on September X, 2021. The appeal period ended on September X, 2021 and no appeals filed; and

WHEREAS, on August 19, 2021, the Planning Commission held a work session to discuss the Capital Facilities Element and Six-Year Capital Improvement Program; and

WHEREAS, the Mukilteo Planning Commission held a duly-noticed public hearing and considered public testimony on September 16, 2021; and

WHEREAS, the Mukilteo City Council held a duly-noticed public hearing and considered public testimony on November X, 2021; and

WHEREAS, the Mukilteo City Council finds that this ordinance for minor amendments to the Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan is in the best interests of the citizens of the City of Mukilteo.

NOW THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MUKILTEO, WASHINGTON, HEREBY ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element Amendment. The Mukilteo_Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element is hereby amended in accordance with the Growth Management Act, Chapter 36.70A RCW, as shown on Exhibit "A", attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference.

Section 2. Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element Amendment - Six Year 2022-2027 Capital Improvement Program. The Mukilteo - Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element is hereby amended to include a Six-Year 2022-2027 Capital Improvement Program (with 20-Year Project Lists) in accordance with the Growth Management Act, Chapter 36.70A RCW, as shown on Exhibit "B", attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference.

<u>Section 3. Findings, Conclusions, and Analysis.</u> In support of the amendments approved in this Ordinance, the Mukilteo City Council adopts the recitals of this

ordinance and the findings and conclusions attached hereto as Exhibit "C" and incorporated herein by reference.

<u>Section 4. Severability.</u> If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this ordinance should be held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of any other section, sentence, clause or phrase of this ordinance.

<u>Section 5. Authority to make necessary corrections.</u> The City Clerk and the codifiers of this Ordinance are authorized to make necessary correction to this Ordinance including, but not limited to, the correction of scrivener's clerical errors, reference, ordinance numbering, section/subsection numbers and any references thereto.

<u>Section 6. Effective Date.</u> This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force five (5) days after publication of the attached summary.

of
7

Passed by the City Council: Published: Effective Date: Ordinance No. XXXX

SUMMARY OF ORDINANCE NO. XXXX

of the City of Mukilteo, Washington

On, 2021, the City Council of the City of Mukilteo, Washington, approved Ordinance No. XXXX, the main point of which may be summarized by its title as follows:
AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MUKILTEO, WASHINGTON,
RELATING TO THE CAPITAL FACILITIES ELEMENT OF THE
MUKILTEO COMPREHENSIVE PLAN, AMENDING THE CAPITAL
FACILITIES ELEMENT, UPDATING THE MUKILTEO SIX-YEAR AND
TWENTY-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS (CIP),
PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY AND ESTABLISHING AN EFFECTIVE
DATE.
The full text of this ordinance will be mailed upon request.
APPROVED by the City Council at their meeting of
CITY CLERK, CAROL MOORE
CITT CELEKT, CHICE NACOKE

EXHIBIT A

Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element Amendments

ADOPTED BY CITY COUNCIL ON OCTOBER 5, 2015 ORDINANCE 1369

AMENDED BY CITY COUNCIL ON JUNE 4, 2018 ORDINANCE 1412

AMENDED BY CITY COUNCIL ON FEBRUARY 1, 2021 ORDINANCE 1429

AMENDED BY CITY COUNCIL ON FEBRUARY 1, 2021 ORDINANCE 1436

AMENDED BY CITY COUNCIL ON _____, 2021
ORDINANCE XXXX

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS:

Special thanks to all those who have helped and participated in the 2015 Comprehensive Plan.

2015 Elected Officials: 2021 Elected Officials:

Jennifer Gregerson, Mayor Jennifer Gregerson, Mayor

Bob Champion, Council President Sarah Kneller, Council President

Randy Lord, Council Vice President

Bob Champion, Council Vice President

Christine Cook Elisabeth Crawford
Linda Grafer Richard Emery
Steve Schmalz Louis Harris
Emily Vanderwielen Riaz Khan
Ted Wheeler Joe Marine

2015 Planning Commission: 202<u>1</u> Planning Commission:

Jerry Bush, Chair Jerry Bush, Chair

Norman Webb, Vice Chair Tim Krivanek, Vice Chair

Melanie Field

Nick Gottuso

Diane Cooper

Arnie Hammerman Melanie Field Skip Ferderber

Dennis Konopinski Arnie Hammerman
Nicole Thomsen Robert Marmaduke
Nicole Thomsen

202119 City Staff: Steve Powers, City Administrator

David Osaki, AICP, Community Development Director

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Lauren Balisky, AICP, Planning Manager

Linda Ritter, Senior Planner

Garrett Jensen, Associate Planner

Matt Entinger, GIS Coordinator Dustin Goodwin, GIS Coordinator

Kory VanDyke, GIS Technician

NOTE TO READER:

Before the first draft of this Comprehensive Plan was even started certain assumptions were made about how to update it. These assumptions then served as guideposts for drafting the City of Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035 – Moving Mukilteo Forward. As a result of these assumptions, the updated plan employs a dramatically different approach than previous plans and the resulting document is entirely new in its organization and format. These are the assumptions that were made:

THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN NEEDED TO BE CENTERED AROUND A CLEAR AND SUCCINCT VISION REFLECTIVE OF MUKILTEAN VALUES

For the Comprehensive Plan to be effective Mukilteans have to have a sense of ownership of the document. Up front there had to be a basic vision section stating common values held by virtually all residents. The plan identifies five themes: Sustainability; Promoting a High Quality of Life; Ensuring a Robust Economy, Creating a Healthy Community; and Highlighting Neighborhood Identity.

THE NUMBER OF POLICIES HAD TO BE REDUCED.

To make the document more readable than previous Comprehensive Plans the number of policies needed to be reduced to eliminate duplications, redundancies, and policies that had already been implemented. The number of policies could further be reduced by not repeating policies that are in functional plans, because they are just as effective in the functional plans as they are in the Comprehensive Plan.

THE FOCUS OF THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN HAD TO CHANGE FROM MANAGING GROWTH TO SUSTAINING WHAT WE HAVE.

Mukilteo's Comprehensive Plans from the 1990s through 2012 focused on controlling new development because during that time period the City was experiencing rapid growth. In 2015 that era is over, with very little undeveloped land left in the City. The focus is shifted to managing redevelopment and preserving and improving the existing quality of life.

THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN HAD TO BE READER FRIENDLY.

The community will only take ownership of and embrace the Comprehensive Plan if they read and understand it. For this to happen, the updated plan needed to be more attractive and readable than previous versions. First, the document format had to entice people to want to read it. Once attracted, reading the text had to be enjoyable and comprehensible to the typical resident. The highly technical voice of previous Comprehensive Plans had to be replaced with a story-telling voice that engaged the reader. One key method to achieve this was to embed the policies directly into the text to replace the long unreadable lists of policies. This not only makes the plan more readable, but also provides the context around why a policy was adopted.

THE TRANSPORTATION ELEMENT NEEDED TO PROVIDE MORE EMPHASIS ON PEDESTRIANS, BICYCLISTS AND TRANSIT.

To reflect current conditions, the Transportation Element's focus had to change from being almost exclusively about managing vehicular traffic to putting equal emphasis on meeting pedestrian, bicycle, and transit needs. There is also added emphasis on Transportation Demand Management, a tool whereby traffic congestion is addressed not by adding capacity but by reducing the number of vehicles on the roadways.

THE CAPITAL FACILITIES ELEMENT NEEDED TO BE REWRITTEN SO IT WOULDN'T BE OUT OF DATE AS SOON AS IT WAS COMPLETED.

Capital facilities lists with cost estimates and funding sources identified are obsolete almost before the ink dries. The Capital Facilities Element needed to change to allow the lists to become part of the annual budget process, so they could easily be updated on an annual basis without amending the Comprehensive Plan. Rather than focusing on lists, the element needed to focus on policies that describe the method for developing the lists.

ALL LAND USE ISSUES HAD TO BE CONSOLIDATED INTO THE LAND USE ELEMENT.

With a separate Critical Areas and Shoreline Element and a Municipal Urban Growth Area Element (as is the case in the current Comprehensive Plan) the continuity between land use policies was diminished. By incorporating them into the Land Use Element the ability to foresee how addressing one set of land use issues impacted other land use issues is facilitated thus ensuring the ripple effect of decisions into the future is always considered.

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CAPITAL FACILITIES



ursuant to RCW36.70A.120 all capital budget decisions the City makes must conform to the Comprehensive Plan. Therefore, the Capital Facilities Element of the Comprehensive Plan plays a significant and unifying role in how the city develops. That's one reason the Washington State Growth Management Act (GMA) makes it a mandatory element.



The Capital Facilities Element provides the guiding policies for the city's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) Facilities Plan (CFP). While the element is more generalized, the CFP is very specific with lists of capital projects, cost estimates, and funding proposals. Together, the Capital Facilities Element and the CIP CFP serve as reality checks on the goals and objectives described throughout the Comprehensive Plan. The Comprehensive Plan can only include projects that are feasible. If the CIPCFP cannot show how a project would be financed then it should not be included in the Comprehensive Plan.



The GMA requires the Capital Facilities Element to include:

- An inventory of existing capital facilities owned by public entities;
- A forecast of the future needs for such capital facilities;
- Proposed locations and capacities of expanded or new capital facilities; &
- A discussion of how future capital facilities will be paid for.

Also, the element must be consistent with Snohomish County Countywide Planning Policies.

The Capital Facilities and Land Use Elements are intimately related, especially how land use changes to accommodate growth can trigger the need for new or improved capital facilities. The demand for capital facility projects is affected by three factors.

- 1. The need to accommodate growth;
- 2. The need to maintain or rehabilitate existing facilities; and
- 3. The need to address existing deficiencies.

The City of Mukilteo is in a fortunate position as it currently only has one capital facility deficiency, the SR525/Harbour Pointe Boulevard S intersection. However, and a project to address that deficiency has already been identified and is financed with construction expected to be completed in 2016.

The table on the following page shows that with that project there will be no deficiencies after 2016. In most cases the city has not adopted a level of service standard so the standard listed is the result of research supporting the city's current Capital Facilities Plan (see page 26 and Appendix F).

Because Mukilteo's current population is 97% of its target population (21,290 vs. 21,812), no land use changes are necessary to accommodate the population target. Thus, reaching that target will not result in any new capital facilities deficiencies with the possible exception of some intersections on SR525. Some intersections on the state route are near capacity and are projected to fall below the City's adopted LOS (Level of Service) E standard. However, if this happens it will not be the result of new growth in Mukilteo. Rather, it will be the result of growth outside of the city that will generate traffic driving through Mukilteo on SR 525 which the city has little control over.

Despite these facts, the City still needs a robust CFPCIP that can implement the Comprehensive Plan vision for expanded capital facilities; not to accommodate growth but to further improve the quality of life enjoyed by Mukilteo residents and visitors. This element provides the policies necessary to guide the CFPCIP towards that vision.







TABLE 8: DEFICIENCY	Analysis		
FACILITY	Standard	NEED	Existing
City Hall	1 Building with 324 SF	1 Building of 9,-720 SF	1 Building; 16,000 SF Building,
City Hall	per employee	1 Dunding 01 9,7/20 31	Built in 2008
Community Center	1 Building of 25,000 SF	1 Building of 25,000 SF	1 Building: 29,000 SF Building,
Community Center	per 25,000 residents	1 Dunding 01 23,000 31	Built in 2010
			Fire Station 24: 5,040 SF Building
E. C. (.)	1 Station per 11,000	2 Stations	Built in 1994
Fire Station(s)	Residents	2 Stations	Fire Station 25: 14,148 SF Building
			Built in 1993
Parks			569.04 Acres
Neighborhood Parks	.39 acres per 1,000 Res.	None	8.05 Acres (Neighborhood)
8	1 ,		
Community Parks	2.00 acres per 1,000 Res.	None	50.35 Acres (Community)
Off-Leash Dog Park	1 acres per 1,000 Res.	None	.69 Acres (Off-Leash)
On Ecash Bog Fank	racies per 1,000 res.	Tione	1.05 Tieres (OH Beasily
Conservation Areas	10.00 acres per 1,000 Res.	None	509.95 Acres (Conservation)
Conscivation meas	1	TVOIC	,
Police Station	1 Station Per 40,000	1 Station	1 Station: 14,000 SF Building,
	Residents		• Built 2003
Transportation	LOS E	LOS E	All Intersections at LOS <u>E</u> e or
		_ 502	Better
			Except SR 525/HP Blvd South**.

*Per PROSA Appendix C. Additional facilities related to Park Amenities, Waterfront Amenities, and Indoor Spaces are listed under PROSA Appendix C as well.

**Project identified and financed will be built in 2016 that will improve the intersection to LOS E or better.

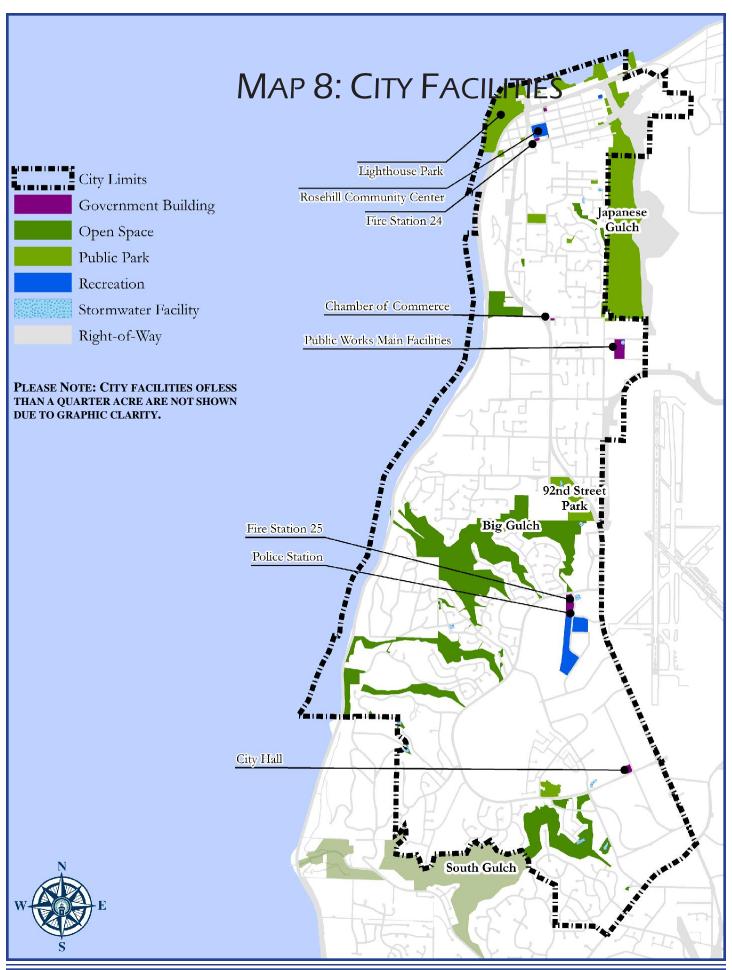


INVENTORY

The following maps and tables describe the capital facilities located within the city. Map 8: City Facilities, shows the facilities and properties that are owned by the City of Mukilteo that are on lots larger than a quarter of an acre. (For graphic clarity, facilities on lots less than a quarter acres are not shown.) For more detailed information about park, recreation and transportation capital facilities refer to the relevant element in this plan. Also, additional information about stormwater facilities can be found in the Stormwater Facilities Atlas on the City of Mukilteo website (www.mukilteowa.govwww.ci.mukilteo.wa.us).

The GMA requires the Capital Facilities Element to account for all capital facilities within city limits that were paid for by public entities, not just city facilities. Therefore, this inventory of capital facilities includes those owned by the City of Mukilteo (Map 8) as well as those owned by the Mukilteo School District and the special utility districts that provide services to Mukilteo. Facilities owned by Mukilteo School District and the special utility districts can be found on Map 9: Outside Public Agencies Facilities.





MAP 9: OUTSIDE PUBLIC AGENCY BOUNDARIES Hat Island -Mukilteo School District Whidbey Island **Island County** Mukilteo School District Boundaries City of Everett City of Mukilteo Port of Everett Boundary Fire District No. 1 **Unincorporated Snohomish County** City of Lynnwood

City of Edmonds



LEVEL OF SERVICE

evel of Service (LOS) standards are a tool that establishes benchmarks to determine the adequacy of public services provided. LOS is used to gauge whether there are adequate capital facilities to meet the standard and whether new or expanded facilities will be necessary to accommodate growth.

Washington State law establishes that "those public facilities and services necessary to support development shall be adequate to serve that development at the time the development is available for occupancy and use without decreasing current levels below locally established standards." [RCW 36.70A.020(12)].

LOS standards are typically expressed as a ratio of facility capacity to demand. For example, a park LOS would most likely be stated as number of acres of parks per 1,000 people. However, LOS standards are quantitative and not qualitative. Therefore, they measure the output and not necessarily the outcome of providing public services.

LOS should reflect local values. Because the values and needs of each community differ, the LOS standards they adopt should reflect this uniqueness. When LOS standards are debated and adopted, it is important to acknowledge that sometimes desires have to be modified to reflect fiscal and physical realities.

If funding shortfalls or increases in demand make it difficult or impossible to meet LOS standards then either new revenue sources must be identified or the standard must be lowered.

CF1: THE CITY SHALL ADOPT LEVELS OF SERVICE STANDARDS AND OTHER BENCHMARKS THEN CONTINUOUSLY MONITOR THE ADEQUACY OF ITS CAPITAL FACILITIES TO MEET THOSE STANDARDS.

For details about specific adopted LOS standards refer to the Parks & Open Space and Transportation Elements.



CAPITAL PROJECT LISTS

any variables can be considered when making decisions about which capital projects to undertake, be they projects to maintain or expand existing facilities or projects to build new facilities. To ensure the decision- making process accurately reflects the values and the needs of the community, the process must be methodical and predictable. It should be noted that because there currently are no deficiencies in the city's infrastructure nor will growth create new deficiencies, all of the projects on Mukilteo's capital project lists are aspirational and not required. All of the projects are intended to build upon the already high quality of life enjoyed in Mukilteo.

CF2: Two capital project lists, a 6-year and a 20-year list, shall be adopted annually. By City COUNCIL RESOLUTION.

Projects on the 6-year list require detailed analysis of construction costs and financing requirements to ensure their feasibility. The 6-year capital project list should only include projects for which revenue sources have been identified. The 6-year capital project list shall be reviewed annually and, if necessary, revised to accommodate projected demands and revenues (CF2a). While costs for projects on the 20-year list should be estimated, because they won't be undertaken in the near future, identifying specific revenue sources to pay for them is not required. For the process to be predictable there should be a relationship between the 20-year and 6-year lists. Projects added to the 6-year list shall always come from the 20-year list except for the rare circumstances where a deficiency arises unexpectedly (CF2b). The City practice will be to adopt new capital



facilities lists every year by the City Council resolution during the annual budget process.

Because there will always be a limit on how much money is available to pay for capital projects it is advisable to prioritize them. Projects that address a current or projected deficiency are the highest priorities (CF2c).

Generally, capital projects will be categorized as:

- City Facilities/Buildings
- Transportation (Roadways, Sidewalks, Bikeways)
- Stormwater
- Parks and Recreation
- Shoreline & Habitat Management

Many factors may be considered in compiling the project lists. Those factors could include urgency of the need, the cost, the availability of funds, the size, the length of time to construct, and more. However, to ensure the capital facility project lists reflect the needs and desires of the community, the most relevant factors should be identified. Some factors, independent of need, should be considered when placing a project on the list, especially given the fact there currently are very few existing or predicted capital facility deficiencies. The following factors not related to addressing a deficiency, which are in priority order, should be considered when placing projects on the 20-year capital project list:

- 1. Protection of public health, safety and welfare.
- 2. Potential to receive grants or outside dollars to help pay for the project.
- The severity and nature of threats the project would address.
- The number of funding sources a project is eligible for.
- Cost to operate and maintain the facility
- Maintenance or redevelopment of existing facilities to extend their useful life
- Conservation of energy and natural resources (CF2d).

A ranking system shall be developed to determine the process by which projects on the 20-year list are moved to the 6-year list. The system shall be designed so:

- Projects from each capital project category are on the 6-year list;
- The cost for ongoing operations and maintenance of the facility is considered;
- Priority is given to projects which:
 - fill service gaps;
 - serve the greatest number of people;
 - address gaps in service;
 - consider equitable distribution, both geographically and social-economically, of capital project dollars spent is considered;
 - are intended to meet state and federal requirements (CF2e).

The following factors may be considered to prioritize the projects (this list is in priority order of importance):

- 1. Improvements that increase safety and reduce threats to life and property.
- 2. Fulfill immediate Level of Service standard issues.
- 3. Resolve major infrastructure maintenance needs.
- Have financial commitments have in place.
- 5. Identified as having only a minor effect on maintenance or safety but reflect desires of the community (CF2f).

It is natural to want to take advantage of unexpected opportunities when they present themselves. For capital projects unexpected opportunities can be new funding sources or the sudden availability of land or a facility for purchase. While these opportunities should be considered when determining if a project should be placed on a capital projects list, generally they should not be the only reason a project gets listed. A project may be placed on a capital projects list solely because an unexpected opportunity presented itself, but not if doing so means reducing the city's ability to address an inadequacy (CF2g).

For some projects, volunteerism can lower the cost of the project itself or the cost to operate/maintain the facility built. Volunteerism should be encouraged to lower costs to build, operate and maintain capital projects (CF2h).

The physical environment that surrounds and pervades the Mukilteo built environment is the most significant factor in creating the livable and highquality of life residents and visitors enjoy.

CF3: THROUGH SITE SELECTION AND DESIGN, OPPORTUNITIES TO MINIMIZE THE IMPACT OF CAPITAL FACILITIES ON THE ENVIRONMENT, AND IF POSSIBLE ENHANCE THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT, SHOULD BE SOUGHT.

The mandatory requirement of the Capital Facilities Element is to ensure capital projects that address deficiencies are identified and funded. In part because the City does not face overwhelming deficiencies that must be addressed, this element can also provide guidance for capital projects that reflect community desires. Capital projects whose primary objective is to protect the environment and enhance natural habitat should be considered, evaluated and constructed (CF3a).







FINANCING

CF4: FINANCING PLANS FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS SHALL BE ACHIEVABLE, REASONABLE AND SHALL CONSIDER A VARIETY OF FUNDING SOURCES.

dentifying adequate revenue sources to pay for capital projects requires a broad approach. Revenue to pay I for projects come from one or more of the city's funds, including the city's general fund, Real Estate Excise Tax (REET) Fund, Surface Water Management Enterprise Fund and other special funds. The revenue that is deposited in these funds has come from the city's share of sales and property taxes, state and federal grants and loan programs, and impact mitigation fees collected from new development. However, there are other revenue sources available that have not been used. Both traditional and non-traditional funding sources can play a role in providing adequate funding for projects. All available funding and financing mechanisms which a capital project is eligible to use should be considered when developing a financing plan for that project (CF4a). The City's Six-Year Capital Improvement Program identifies following table lists revenue sources that can be used to help pay for capital projects

and describes any limitations on how the funds can be spent.

Table 8: Revenue Sources & Limita	FIONS
REVENUE SOURCES	Limitations
State Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax	Transportation Projects
Transportation Impact Fees	Transportation Capacity Projects
Transportation Benefit District	Transportation Projects
Local Improvement District	Projects for Specific Geographic Areas
Grants	
Recreation and Conservation Office (State)	Parks, Recreation, and Habitat Projects
Conservation Futures Fund (County)	Parks and Open Space Acquisition
Safe Routes to Schools (State)	Sidewalks
Federal	As Appropriated
Direct State Legislative Funding	Awarded for a specific project and not related to a grant program
General	As Appropriated
Stormwater Management Fees	Surface Water Infrastructure Projects
Park Impact Fees	Park Capacity Projects
Real Estate Excise Tax - REET I	General Purpose Capital Improvement
Real Estate Excise Tax - REET H	Capital Projects Listed in the Comprehensive Plan
Sales Tax & Utility Taxes	Typically Used to Fund Operations
Local Infrastructure Finance Tool	Public Infrastructure Improvements
Public Works Trust Fund	Streets and Surface Water Infrastructure
General Obligation Bonds	

arrently, all new development in Mukilteo is required to pay traffic mitigation fees and all new residential development is required to also pay park mitigation and school mitigation fees. While the City collects theseall

impact mitigation fees, the school mitigation fees are forwarded to the Mukilteo School District so the district can increase its capacity to accommodate new students as necessary. Impact mitigation fees can help fund capital projects designed to address capacity deficiencies that result from new development but cannot be used to address existing deficiencies. These programs are designed to ensure the costs to expand the capacity of streets, schools and parks to meet the increased demands created by new development is not entirely borne by existing taxpayers. Impact mitigation fee regulations shall be regularly reviewed to ensure they reflect current information, potential projects, and estimated costs (CF4b).

The City should continuously monitor new development and how it impacts the ability of existing facilities to meet needs and standards. If additional or improved facilities are necessary to meet the demand generated by new development, the developers are responsible for paying for them and to ensure they are operational at the time the new development is available for occupancy. The cost of expanding existing or building new capital facilities to meet the demands created by population growth shall be paid by new development. It shall not be borne by existing taxpayers (CF4c). New development can pay for the capital facilities directly by building them or through payment of impact mitigation fees.

In addition to impact fees, the city can fund capital projects from its own funds and/or use state and federal grant and loan programs. The City also has other potential sources for funds that are not used frequently and may not be the most desirable, but still should always at least be considered. The City should consider selling land assets or facilities that are not needed to meet LOS standards or for the delivery of the services. Any funds generated by a sale should be used on capital projects designed to meet a level of service standard or to provide a new service (CF4d).

Virtually no community ever has an adequate revenue flow to fund all of its identified capital projects in its long- term (20-year) vision. Capital planning is a long-term challenge that requires discipline to achieve. That discipline is especially important to fund large very high-cost projects. Funding for extremely high-cost projects which cannot reasonably be paid for through a single year budget allocation, may be secured by setting aside dollars every year over a period of years to compile the necessary funds or by issuing debt (CF4e). Extra steps may be necessary to protect the integrity of the city's capital project process when saving for a large capital project that will take several years. Except for the most extraordinary circumstances, funds designated for a project over multiple years shall not be spent on any other capital project or to fulfill another financial need (CF4f). Also, high-cost capital projects for which funding must be accumulated over several years shall not be started until funding for the entire project has either been banked or identified (CF4g).

FORECAST

he Growth Management Act is intended to not only direct growth to urban areas but also to Tanticipate the impacts that growth will cause and plan accordingly. This is why a forecast of future needs is a required part of the Capital Facilities Element. The forecast should identify improvements necessary to address existing deficiencies or to preserve the capacities of existing facilities and to identify improvements necessary to accommodate new development. Because Mukilteo is nearly fully developed it is not expected future growth will create any additional deficiencies in capital facilities. However, that doesn't mean the City should not concern

itself with analyzing the impacts of growth on capital facilities.

CF5: THE CITY OF MUKILTEO SHALL CONTINUE TO ASSESS THE ADEQUACY OF ITS OWN CAPITAL FACILITIES TO MEET CITY STANDARDS AND SHALL WORK WITH ALL OUTSIDE SERVICE PROVIDERS TO DETERMINE THEIR ABILITY TO CONTINUE TO MEET THEIR SERVICE STANDARDS OVER THE 20-YEAR TIME FRAME OF THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN.

Coordination between the City and the providers of services to Mukilteo can improve the efficiency of service delivery. Mukilteo should work with other agencies to coordinate capital infrastructure projects to reduce project costs and the frequency of disruption due to construction activity in the same locations (CF5a).

The Capital Facilities Plans adopted by public entities that own or operate facilities or programs in Mukilteo are hereby referenced. Capital facility and land use decisions made by the City should be consistent with those plans and if not, efforts shall be made to achieve consistency.

School mitigation impact fees are collected by the City so new development will help pay for the cost to expand school capacities necessary to accommodate that new development. The most recent version of the Capital Facilities Plan of Mukilteo School District No. 6 is expressly incorporated into this Capital Facilities Element of the City of Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan as the basis for imposing school impact mitigation fees as provided for by the GMA.

Capital facilities can become deficient if demand increases, LOS standards are raised, or if deterioration of the facility reduces their capacity or makes their operation inefficient. The City of Mukilteo should strive to ensure proper maintenance of capital facilities is regularly performed in order to reduce the rate of deterioration of facilities(CF5b). The City of Mukilteo shall identify deficiencies in capital facilities based on adopted levels of service and facility life cycles, and determine the means and timing for correcting these deficiencies (CF5c).



Mukilteo Water District

The Mukilteo Water District was formed in 1920 and is the oldest active district in the State of Washington, providing service to Mukilteo and South Everett areas. The District was authorized to provide sewer service to its South Everett customers in 1975. In November 2007 voters approved the merger of Olympus Terrace Sewer District and the Mukilteo Water District. In 2008 the name was changed to Mukilteo Water and Wastewater District. Olympus Terrace Sewer District had been created in 1969 to provide sewer service to the subdivision of Olympus Terrace and expanded over time to eventually provide sewer service to the greater Mukilteo area.

- Credit to Mukilteo Water & Wastewater District

APPENDIX:

I. CAPITAL FACILITIES LISTS

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II. POLICY LIST

III. FUNCTION PLANS

IV. HARBOUR POINTE MASTER PLAN

V.Sources & Reference Materials

VI. DEFINITIONS & ACRONYMS

APPENDIX I: CAPITAL FACILITIES LISTS

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The Capital Facilities Lists include the following tables:

- 6 Year Proposed REET II Fund Capital Project Plan Revenues
- 6 Year Proposed REET II Fund Capital Project Plan Expenditures
- 2015-2035 Capital Facilities List Projects Under \$200,000
- 2015 2035 Capital Facilities List Projects Over \$200,000
- 2015-2035 Capital Facilities List MUGA Projects

Both the 6 Year Proposed REET II Fund Capital Project Plan—Revenues & Expenditures are subject to change with the adoption of the annual budget. This is to reflect changes in market costs and changes with revenue opportunities.

TABLE I-1: 6 YEAR PROPOSED REE	TABLE I-1: 6 YEAR PROPOSED REET II FUND CAPITAL PROJECT PLAN - REVENUES										
	REVENUES REVENUES										
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020					
Estimated Beginning Fund Balance	\$333,753	\$83,478	\$55,919	\$29,760	\$36,746	\$63,107					
2014 Carry Forward Projects											
Pavement Preservation	\$300,000										
Street Maintenance & Repair	\$80,000										
Sidewalk Repair	\$10,000										
Annual Sidewalk Construction	\$50,000										
Annual ADA Improvements	\$10,000										
Bike Path Construction	\$25,000										
Projected REET II Taxes	\$511,541	\$504,891	\$530,640	\$548,682	\$567,337	\$567,337					
Grant Funds	\$464,443	\$2,089,358	\$2,329,260	\$14,177,700	\$3,000,000						
61st Pl Retaining Wall FEMA Grant*	\$75,688	\$662,102									
Interest/Other	\$2,336	\$584	\$391	\$208	\$257	\$442					
Total Resources Available	\$1,862,761	\$3,340,413	\$2,916,211	\$14,756,350	\$3,604,340	\$630,886					

EXPENDITURES									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
Rosehill Bond Payment (LTGO)	(\$69,980)	(\$66,354)	(\$66,256)	(\$66,354)	(\$66,233)	(\$66,269)			
2014 Carry Forward Projects									
Pavement Preservation	(\$300,000)								
Street Maintenance & Repair	(\$80,000)								
Sidewalk Repair	(\$10,000)								
Annual Sidewalk Construction	(\$50,000)								
Annual ADA Improvements	(\$10,000)								
Bike Path Construction	(\$25,000)								
SR 526 Shared Use Pathway (1)(2)	(\$211,803)								
2015 Capital Budget Projects									
Facility Renewal (2)	(\$68,000)								
Transportation Comp Plan (2)	(\$42,500)								
ADA Transition Plan (2)	(\$7,500)	(\$20,000)							
Additional Secure Parking	(\$12,000)								
2015 Street Light Retrofit	(\$40,000)								
Annual Capital Projects	,								
Annual Traffic Calming (2)	(\$25,000)	(\$25,000)	(\$25,000)	(\$25,000)	(\$25,000)	(\$25,000)			
Annual Street Preservation (2)	(\$300,000)	***	(\$300,000)	(\$300,000)	(\$300,000)	(\$300,000)			
Sidewalk Construction (2)	(\$25,000)	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)			
Bike Path Construction (2)	(\$25,000)	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)			
Annual ADA Improvements	(\$15,000)	(\$15,000)	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)	(\$50,000)			
Grant Funded Projects									
HPB & 5th Street Pavement Preservation (1)(2)	(\$50,000)	(\$747,000)							
HPB Widening (1)	(\$75,000)	(\$216,030)	(\$1,265,520)	(\$75,500)					
61st Pl Retaining Wall (1)	(\$87,500)	(\$765,435)							
Ped Bridge (1)(3)		(\$329,675)	(\$329,675)	(\$2,752,750)					
Harbour Reach Drive Extension (1)(3)	(\$250,000)	(\$1,000,000)	(\$750,000)	(\$11,350,000)	(\$3,000,000)				
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total Expenditures	(\$1,779,283)	(\$3,284,494)	(\$2,886,451)	(\$14,719,604)	(\$3,541,233)	(\$541,269)			
Total Resources Available	\$1,862,761	\$3,340,413	\$2,916,211	\$14,756,350	\$3,604,340	\$630,886			
Ending Fund Balance	\$83,478	\$55,919	\$29,760	\$36,746	\$63,107	\$89,617			
(1)Grant Funded Project									
(2) Proposed REET I projects to be mo	ved to REET I	[
(3) Anticipated future grants									
Note: WSDOT Mobility Grant for the I	edestrian Bridg	e is matched \$350),000 from POE	E and \$300,000 f	rom WSF				
		sed on the State's							

			l	S LESS THAN \$200,000		
T	RANSPORTATI	ION				1
ROADWAY	PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES	BIKEWAY	STORMWATER	Parks	CITY BUILDINGS	SHORELINE & HABITAT MANAGEMENT
TR1: Annual Pavement Preservation Program		TB1: Annual Bikeway Program	SW1: Annual Stormwater Facility Maintenance	P1: Annual Park Improvements		
TR2: Annual PROW Traffic Calming Program				P2: Restoration of the BMX Jump Track Area		
TR3: Annual PROW ADA Improvements				P3: Japanese Gulch Entrance Kiosk and Maps		
				P4: Japanese Gulch - Trail Signage		
				P5: Japanese Gulch - Install Bollards at the Community Garden Entrance		
				P6: Repaint Red Exterior Sections of Rosehill		
				P7: Install Volleyball Sleeves on Grass Area at Rosehill (Poles, Net, Rope for Court Outline)		
				P8: Big Gulch Trail Plexiglass Maps for Kiosks		
				P9: Re do all Gates and Hardware at the Dog Park		
				P10: Annual Beach Enhancement & Restoration		

			- PROJECTS MORE	THAN \$200,000		
TR	ANSPORTATIO	N				
ROADWAY	PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES	BIKEWAY	STORMWATER	PARKS	CITY BUILDINGS	SHORELINE & HABITAT MANAGEMENT
*TR4: Harbour Reach Drive Extension	TS1: Annual Pedestrian Facilities Construction Program	TB2: Harbour Pointe Boulevard Shared-Use Path Reconstruction	SW2: Park Avenue Outfall	P11: Harbour Pointe Village Park	CB2: Fire Station 25 Interior Expansion and Training Tower Renovation	HM1: North Mukilteo Nearshore Habitat/Buffer Replacement
*TR5: Chennault Beach Road Widening	TS2: 53rd Avenue Sidewalks from 84th Street to 81st Place	*TB3: Paine Field Blvd. Shared- Use Path Reconstruction	SW3: 2nd St. Drainage Improvements and Loveland Outfall	P12: Japanese Gulch Trail Phase 3	CB3: Public Works Storage Facility Improve- ments (2nd Street) (Repave Parking Lot and Replace Stair Well to Loft	HM2: Japanese Gulch Daylighting and Habitat/Buffer Replacement
*TR6: Harbour Pointe Boulevard (South) Widening	*TS3: Pedestrian Bridge Over BNSF Tracks		SW4: Canyon Drive and 62nd Place W. Storm Drainage Improvements	P13: Lighthouse Park Phase 3-4	CB4: Chamber of Commerce Building Parking Lot & Pedestrian Access Renovation	HM3: Big Gulch Estuary Phase 1
*TR7: Cyrus Way Widening	TS4: Loveland Avenue Sidewalks 2nd Street to 3rd Street		SW5: Smuggler's Gulch Creek Crossing	P14: Entrance Signs/ Community Organization Signs	CB5: City Hall Parking Lot Repair	HM4: Big Gulch Estuary Phase 2
TR8: Cyrus Way (South) Improvements	TS5: SR526 from 84th Street to Airport Road		SW6: 46th Place W. and 45th Place W. Drainage Improvements	P15: Park Renovation and Major Repairs Program	CB6: Station 25 Mezzanine Work Area for Crew	HM5: Big Gulch Estuary Phase 3
*TR9: Bernie Webber Drive Park and Ride Plus	TS6: 53rd Avenue Sidewalks from 88th Street to 92nd Street		SW7: 44th Avenue ₩	P16: Parks and Open Space Acquisition	CB7: St. 25 Extend Building for More Office Space for Staffing Enhance- ments	HM6: Big Gulch Estuary Phase 4
*TR10: 47th Ave W/107th St. SW Reconstruction	TS7: 84th Street Sidewalks from SR525 to 53rd Avenue		SW8: 64th Place W Drainage Improvements	P17: Sports Field Development		HM7: Big Gulch Estuary Phase 5

			- PROJECTS MORE	THAN \$200,000		
ROADWAY	ANSPORTATIO PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES	BIKEWAY	STORMWATER	PARKS	CITY BUILDINGS	SHORELINE & HABITAT MANAGEMENT
*TR11: Downtown Waterfront Parking Facility	TS8: 5th Street Sidewalks from Lincoln Avenue to City Limits		SW9: Smuggler's Gulch Drainage Analysis	P18: Waterfront Promenade		HM8: Big Gulch Beach Enhancement
TR12: 2nd St. Pedestrian Improvements	TS9: 2nd Street Sidewalks from SR525 to Loveland Avenue		SW10: Marine View Place Flow Control	P19: Big Gulch Pedestrian Access to Shoreline		HM9: Chennault Beach Tidelands Enhancement
*TR13: SR525 Bridge	TS10: Park Avenue Sidewalks from 2nd Street to 3rd Street		SW11: 46th/88th Detention Pond Improvement/ Relocation	P20: Shoreline Trail		HM10: Possession View Waterfront Access
	TS11: 88th Street Sidewalks from SR525 to 46th Street		SW12: Naketa Beach improvements	P21: Cascadia Trail		HM11: Forest Management Plan & Reforestation
TR15: Park Ave. Pedestrian Improvements	*TS12: Harbour Pointe Boulevard Southside Sidewalks from Cyrus Way to SR525		SW13: 15th Place Detention Pond Improvements	P22: Harbour Heights to Waterfront Pedestrian Path and Bridge		
TR16: Street Lighting Program	TS13: Cyrus Way Sidewalks from Evergreen Drive to South Road		SW14: Olympic View Middle School Bioretention Swale	P23: Pienie Point Guleh to Harbour Pointe Boulevard Segment		

	2035 CAPITAL I RANSPORTATIO		- PROJECTS MORE	111AN \$200,000		
ROADWAY	PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES	BIKEWAY	STORMWATER	PARKS	CITY BUILDINGS	SHORELINE & HABITAT MANAGEMENT
TR17: Tank Farm Interim Improvements	TS14: Cyrus Way Sidewalks from Harbour Pointe Boulevard to Evergreen Road		SW15: 49th Avenue W. and 44th Avenue W. Bioretention Swales	P24: Possession Way to Beverly Park Road Trail		
TR18: 13124 Beverly Park Road (Peterson Property) Improvements / Sale	TS15: SR525 Totem Park Sidewalk		SW16: Mukilteo Estates Detention Pond Retrofit	P25: Boat Launch Relocation Study		
TR19: SR 525 Pedestrian / Bike Access Feasibility Study	TS16: 76th Street Sidewalks from SR525 to 44th Avenue W.		SW17: 61st Culvert Replacement	P26: Japanese Gulch Master Plan for Phase 3		
TR20: 61st Street Reconstruction (Smugglers Gulch)	TS17: Cyrus Way Sidewalks from Harbour Pointe Boulevard to SR525		SW18: 56th Avenue Bioretention Swale	P27: Lighthouse Park Band Shell Post Covers		
TR21: Left Turn Lane at Goat Trail Road — Turn Lane Pockets on SR525	TS18: Chennault Beach Road Sidewalks 4400 Block		SW19: Naketa Beach Outfall	P28: Tank Farm Lot 3 / Tract 2 Development		
TR22: Russell Road Widening	TS19: SR525 Sidewalks from 92nd Street to 86th Street		SW20: Decant Facility	P29: Replace Rubber Sidewalks at Lighthouse Park & Lighthouse Station		
TR23: 91st Street Reconstruction	TS20: 3rd Street Sidewalks		SW21: Chennault Beach Street Drainage Improvements	P30: Replace Grinder Pumps at Lighthouse Park		

Table I-4: 2015-2035 Capital Facilities List - Projects More than \$200,000								
TRANSPORTATION								
ROADWAY	PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES	BIKEWAY	STORMWATER	PARKS	CITY BUILDINGS	SHORELINE & HABITAT MANAGEMENT		
TR24: 84th Street Widening and Grade Reconstruction Alignment 84th Street to 53rd Avenue W. Pedestrian Improvements	TS21: Sidewalks from 73rd Street SW to 48th Avenue W.		SW22: Mukilteo Lane Storm Drainage Improvements	P31: Replace Boat Ramp at Lighthouse Park				
TR25: 53rd Street Improvements	TS22: DB Subarea Plan Sidewalks		SW23: 84th Street SW (West) Storm Drainage Improvements	P32: Repave Commuter Parking Lot				
TR26: Mukilteo Lane Repair	TS23: SR525 Under Bridge Pedestrian Path		SW24: 66th Place W Street Drainage Improvements	P33: Japanese Gulch Trails				
TR27: Lamar Drive Road Reconstruction			SW25: Central Drive Storm Drainage Improvements for Big Gulch Basin	P34: Japanese Gulch Trail Heads and Way Finding Signs				
TR28: 53rd Avenue Traffic Calming Improvements			SW26: 10th Street and Loveland Avenue Storm Drainage Improvements	P35: Japanese Gulch Playground Equipment				
TR29: 92nd Street Slope Stability from Mahalo to 91st Place SW			SW27: Horizon Heights Storm System Extension	P36: Japanese Gulch 76th Street Parking Lot				
TR30: Harbour Pointe Boulevard North Right Hand Turn Lane			SW28: Lighthouse Park Storm Drainage Improvements	P37: Japanese Gulch Playfields				
TR31: Cheannault Beach Road Widening from SR525 to Harbour Reach Drive			SW29: Whisper Wood Pond W.	P38: Projects from the Japanese Gulch Master Plan				
			SW30: Upper Chennault Culvert Improvement (access Road)	P39: 92nd Street Park Split Rail Fence Around Pond				

TABLE I-4: 2015-2	2035 CAPITAL I	FACILITIES LIST	- Projects More	THAN \$200,000		
Transportation						
ROADWAY	PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES	BIKEWAY	STORMWATER	PARKS	CITY BUILDINGS	SHORELINE & HABITAT MANAGEMENT
TR33: Beverly Park Road to Harbour Reach Drive Widening			SW31: 88th Street (East) Storm Drainage Improvements	P40: Purchase Property in Big Gulch		
TR34: Cyrus Way new alignment from Chennault Beach Road to Russell Road			SW32: 5th Street Storm Drainage Improvements	P41: Big Gulch Trail and Estuary		
			SW33: Park Avenue Storm Drainage Improvements	P42: Big Gulch Expand Wetland at SR525		
			SW34: Park Avenue Tidegate	P43: Dive Park		
			SW35: 63rd Place W. Storm Drainage Improvements for Big Gulch Basin	P44: Tank Farm Lot 1 - Mixed Use Building		
			SW36: 63rd Place W. Storm Drainage Improvements for Chennault Beach Basin	P45: Mary Lou Morrow Park Development		
			SW37: Japanese Gulch/Brewery Creek Headwater Wetland Creation/ Enhancement	P46: Projects from the Downtown Waterfront Master Plan		
			SW38: 88th Street (West) Storm Drainage Improvements	P47: Community Garden/ Precht Property Parking Lot		
			SW39: Goat Trail Pipe Restoration	P48: Pienie Shelter at LHP Wedding Shelter		
			SW40: 2nd Street Pipe Restoration	P49: Speedway Park		

Tr	ANSPORTATIO	N				
ROADWAY	PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES	BIKEWAY	STORMWATER	PARKS	CITY BUILDINGS	SHORELINE 8 HABITAT MANAGEMEN
			SW41: 64th Place	P50: Mukilteo		
			W. Street Drainage	Dive Park and		
			Improvements	Beach Access		
			SW41: 64th Place	P51: Central		
			W. Street Drainage	Waterfront Park		
			Improvements			
			SW42: Smuggler's	P52: Japanese		
			Gulch/Big Gulch	Gulch Creek		
			Basin Analysis	Park		
			SW43: Centralized	P53: Edgewater		
			Storm Drainage	Beach		
			Facilities for Bluff	Restoration and		
			Properties - Formed	Promenade		
			Through LID			
			SW44: Cornelia	P54:		
			Avenue/3rd Street	Downtown		
			Storm System	Waterfront		
			Extension	Gateway		
			SW45: 63rd Place W.	P55: Interim		
			Slope Stabilization	Waterfront		
				Promenade		
			SW46: Brewery Creek Outfall			
			SW47: 92nd Street			
			Park Wetland			
			Restoration and			
			Expansion			
			SW48: 102nd Street			
			SW Storm Drainage			
			Improvements			
			SW49: Upper			
			Smugglers Gulch			
			Restoration			
			SW50: Upgrade			
			Culverts for Fish			
			Passage (Japanese			
			Gulch, Big Gulch,			
			Pienie Pointe)			
			SW51: North Fork			
			of Big Gulch Stream			
			Restoration and			
			Wetland Creation			
			(Privately Owned)	I		I

Ŧ	RANSPORTATION	4				
ROADWAY	PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES	BIKEWAY	STORMWATER	PARKS	CITY BUILDINGS	SHORELINE HABITAT MANAGEME
			SW52: 44th Ave.			
			Storm Drainage			
			Improvements			
			SW53: 53rd Ave.			
			Storm System			
			Extension			
			SW54: Purchase			1
			Vacant Land to			
			Restore Natural			
			Detention Areas			
			(Can Apply to all			
			Basins)			
			SW56: Harbour			
			Pointe Boulevard			
			and 47th Place W.			
			Stream Corridor			
			Enhancement			
			(Privately Owned)			
			SW57: Central Drive			
			Storm Drainage			
			Improvements for			
			Chennault Beach			
			Basin			
			SW58: 92nd Street/			1
			Hargreaves Storm			
			Drain Extension			

Table I-5:	2015-2035	Capital Fa	cilitics List - MU	JGA Projects		
Ŧ	RANSPORT/	TION				
ROADWAY	SIDEWALK	BIKEWAY	STORMWATER	PARKS	CITY BUILDINGS	SHORELINE & HABITAT MANAGEMENT
				P48: Picnic Point Elementary School to Harbour Pointe Boulevard Trail		HM12: Lund's Gulch Estuary Habitat
				P49: Lake Serene Loop Pedestrian Path		HM13: Shipwreck Point
				P50: Lincoln Way Pedestrian Pathway		HM14: Picnic Point Creek Restoration
				P51: SR99 Pedestrian Connections		HM15: Norma Beach Boathouse
				P52: St. Andrews Rd. to Wind and Tide Drive Pedestrian Paths		
				P53: Norma Beach Rd. to Shoreline Trail		
				P54: 148th Pedestrian Paths		



APPENDIX II: POLICY LIST

CAPITAL FACILITIES ELEMENT

CF1: THE CITY SHALL ADOPT LEVELS OF SERVICE STANDARDS AND OTHER BENCHMARKS THEN CONTINUOUSLY MONITOR THE ADEQUACY OF ITS CAPITAL FACILITIES TO MEET THOSE STANDARDS.

CF2: TWO CAPITAL PROJECT LISTS, A 6-YEAR AND A 20-YEAR LIST, SHALL BE ADOPTED ANNUALLY BY

CITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION.

CF2a. The 6-year capital project list shall be reviewed annually and, if necessary, revised to accommodate projected demands and revenues.

CF2b. Projects added to the 6-year list shall always come from the 20-year list except for the rare

circumstances where a deficiency arises unexpectedly.

CF2c. Projects that address a current or projected deficiency are the highest priorities.

CF2d. The following factors not related to addressing a deficiency, which are in priority order, should be considered when placing projects on the 20-year capital project list:

- 1. Protection of public health, safety and welfare.
- 2. Potential to receive grants or outside dollars to help pay for the project.
- 3. The severity and nature of threats the project would address.
- 4. The number of funding sources a project is eligible for.
- 5. Cost to operate and maintain the facility
- 6. Maintenance or redevelopment of existing facilities to extend their useful life
- 7. Conservation of energy and natural resources.

CF2e.A ranking system shall be developed to determine the process by which projects on the 20year list are moved to the 6-year list. The system shall be designed so:

- Projects from each capital project category are on the 6-year list;
- The cost for ongoing operations and maintenance of the facility is considered;
- Priority is given to projects which:
 - fill service gaps;
 - serve the greatest number of people;
 - address gaps in service;

- consider equitable distribution, both geographically and social-economically, of capital project dollars spent is considered;
- · are intended to meet state and federal requirements.

CF2f. The following factors may be considered to prioritize the projects (this list is in priority order of importance):

- 1. Improvements that increase safety and reduce threats to life and property.
- 2. Fulfill immediate Level of Service standard issues.
- 3. Resolve major infrastructure maintenance needs
- 4. Have financial commitments have in place.
- 5. Identified as having only a minor effect on maintenance or safety but reflect desires of the community.

CF2g. A project may be placed on a capital projects list solely because an unexpected opportunity presented itself, but not if doing so means reducing the city's ability to address an inadequacy. CF2h. Volunteerism should be encouraged to lower costs to build, operate and maintain capital projects.

CF3: THROUGH SITE SELECTION AND DESIGN, OPPORTUNITIES TO MINIMIZE THE IMPACT OF CAPITAL FACILITIES ON THE ENVIRONMENT, AND IF POSSIBLE ENHANCE THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT, SHOULD BE SOUGHT.

CF3a. Capital projects whose primary objective is to protect the environment and enhance natural habitat should be considered, evaluated and constructed.

CF4: FINANCING PLANS FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS SHALL BE ACHIEVABLE, REASONABLE AND SHALL CONSIDER A VARIETY OF FUNDING SOURCES.

CF4a. All available funding and financing mechanisms which a capital project is eligible to use should be considered when developing a financing plan for that project.

CF4b. Impact mitigation fee regulations shall be regularly reviewed to ensure they reflect current

information, potential projects, and estimated costs.

CF4c. The cost of expanding existing or building new capital facilities to meet the demands created by population growth shall be paid by new development. It shall not be borne by existing taxpayers. CF4d. Any funds generated by a sale should be used on capital projects designed to meet a level of service standard or to provide a new service.

CF4e. Funding for extremely high-cost projects which cannot reasonably be paid for through a single year budget allocation, may be secured by setting aside dollars every year over a period of years to compile the necessary funds or by issuing debt.

CF4f. Except for the most extraordinary circumstances, funds designated for a project over multiple

years shall not be spent on any other capital project or to fulfill another financial need.

CF4g. High-cost capital projects for which funding must be accumulated over several years shall not be started until funding for the entire project has either been banked or identified.

CF5: THE CITY OF MUKILTEO SHALL CONTINUE TO ASSESS THE ADEQUACY OF ITS OWN CAPITAL FACILITIES TO MEET CITY STANDARDS AND SHALL WORK WITH ALL OUTSIDE SERVICE PROVIDERS TO DETERMINE THEIR ABILITY TO CONTINUE TO MEET THEIR SERVICE STANDARDS OVER THE 20-YEAR TIMEFRAME OF THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN.

CF5a. Mukilteo should work with other agencies to coordinate capital infrastructure projects to reduce project costs and the frequency of disruption due to construction activity in the same locations.

CF5b. The City of Mukilteo should strive to ensure proper maintenance of capital facilities is regularly performed in order to reduce the rate of deterioration of facilities.

CF5c. The City of Mukilteo shall identify deficiencies in capital facilities based on adopted levels of service and facility life cycles, and determine the means and timing for correcting these deficiencies.

APPENDIX III: FUNCTIONAL PLANS

The following is a list of Functional Plans that are incorporated by reference:

- Comprehensive Surface Water Management Plan (2001)
- Lighthouse Park Master Plan (2004)
- 92nd Street Park Master Plan (2008 amended)
- Bicycle, Pedestrian & Trails Plan (2009)
- Downtown Business District Subarea Plan (2009)
- Habitat Management Plan (2009)
- Transportation Plan (2009)
- Capital Facilities Plan (2010-2015)
- Critical Area Mitigation Program (CAMP) (2011)
- Parks, Open Space, Arts & Recreation Plan (2012)
- Downtown Waterfront Master Plan (2016)
- Japanese Gulch Master Plan (2016)
- By The Way (BTW) Plan (2017)
- Parks, Recreation, Open Space, and Arts (PROSA) Plan (2017)

The following is a list of Functional Plans that are designated for future adoption. Some of these plans will revise, consolidate, and/or replace the functional plans listed above. This list below is not a restricted list. Additional Functional Plans may be needed over time to meet the unforeseen needs of the community.

- Cultural Arts Master Plan
- Mid-Mukilteo Economic Development Plan

EXHIBIT B

Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element Amendment

Six-Year 2022-2027 Capital Improvement Program (CIP) with 20-Year CIP



City of Mukilteo Capital Facilities Element Six-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP)

2022 - 2027

[DATE ADOPTED, 2021]

CITY OF MUKILTEO SIX-YEAR 2022-2027 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CIP) TABLE OF CONTENTS

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City of Mukilteo Six-Year Capital Improvement Program 2022-2027

SECTION 1

I. INTRODUCTION

The Washington State Growth Management Act (GMA) requires that Mukilteo's Comprehensive Plan include a Capital Facilities Plan (CFP) element. A component of the Capital Facilities Plan (CFP) element is a Six-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP).

The GMA Capital Facilities Plan (CFP) requirement is to establish a funding plan that identifies and prioritizes the capital needs within reasonably expected available funding sources. It assures that local governments plan for capital facilities as community needs change over time.

The GMA's capital facilities planning requirement is centered around two time frames.

- 1. A long-range (20-year) CFP of capital projects, identifying general estimated costs and general sources of financing.
- 2. A more detailed Six-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) aligned with the City's budget and reasonably expected revenue.

The 2022-2027 Six-Year CIP represents the multi-year capital construction and investment program for citywide capital projects to comply with the six-year requirement. The generalized 20-year project list is provided in Appendix A.

From a budgeting standpoint, the Six-Year CIP identifies individual project costs and revenues reasonably expected to be available to finance that capital facility. Timing-wise, capital project implementation within the six-year time horizon is dependent on available staffing and funding.

Project Criteria

The *City of Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035* Capital Facilities Element policies provide guidance for projects included on the six-year and 20-year capital plan lists.

These include Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element policies CF2b, CF2c, CF2d, CF2e, CF2f, CF2g, and CF3a which state, in order,

"Projects added to the 6-year list shall always come from the 20-year list except for the rare circumstances where a deficiency arises unexpectedly (CF2b)." (Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan, page 56)

"Projects that address a current or projected deficiency are the highest priorities (CF2c)." (Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan, page 57)

"The following factors not related to addressing a deficiency, which are in priority order, should be considered when placing projects on the 20-year capital project list:

- 1. Protection of public health, safety and welfare.
- 2. Potential to receive grants or outside dollars to help pay for the project.
- 3. The severity and nature of threats the project would address.
- 4. The number of funding sources a project is eligible for.
- 5. Cost to operate and maintain the facility
- 6. Maintenance or redevelopment of existing facilities to extend their useful life
- 7. Conservation of energy and natural resources (CF2d)". (Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan, page 57)

"A ranking system shall be developed to determine the process by which projects on the 20-year list are moved to the 6-year list. The system shall be designed so:

- Projects from each capital project category are on the 6-year list;
- The cost for ongoing operations and maintenance of the facility is considered;
- Priority is given to projects which:
 - fill service gaps;
 - serve the greatest number of people;
 - address gaps in service;
 - provide for equitable distribution both geographically and socialeconomically, of capital project dollars spent is considered;
 - are intended to meet state and federal requirement (CF2e)."
 (Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan, page 57)

"The following factors may be considered to prioritize the projects (this list is in priority order of importance):

- 1. Improvements that increase safety and reduce threats to life and property.
- 2. Fulfill immediate Level of Service standard issues.
- 3. Resolve major infrastructure maintenance needs
- 4. Have financial commitments in place.
- 5. Identified as having only a minor effect on maintenance or safety but reflect desires of the community (CF2f)." (Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan, page 58)

"A project may be placed on a capital projects list solely because an unexpected opportunity presented itself, but not if doing so means reducing the city's ability to address an inadequacy (CF2g)." (Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan, page 58)

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"Capital projects whose primary objective is to protect the environment and enhance natural habitat should be considered, evaluated and constructed (CF3a)." (Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan, page 58)

Update Process

In accordance with adopted City of Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan, the Six-Year CIP (and more general 20-Year CIP) is to be updated annually as part of the City budget process. Projects are to be added, removed, and updated with funding and cost estimates consistent with the policies above.



II. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (CIP) ORGANIZATION

This Six-Year CIP is organized into two major sections with Appendices as follows:

Section 1. Background Text and Narrative

Section 1 provides general information about capital facilities planning and the Six-Year CIP including:

- Why Plan for Capital Improvements?
- Capital Improvement Program Benefits
- Relationship to GMA and Concurrency
- Capital Improvements Types, Non-City Capital Improvements
- Relationship to City Budget and Financial Policies
- Revenue Sources
- Public Participation, Outreach and Equity
- Updating the Capital Improvement Program

Section 2. Capital Improvement Projects

Section 2 identifies the capital projects that constitute the Six-Year CIP.

Each capital project has a project detail sheet that summarizes the project, location, identifies project costs, timing, and anticipated revenue sources. Where applicable, the relevant adopted City plan (e.g., Parks, Recreation, Open Space, and Arts (PROSA) Plan, Six-Year Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)) where the project is identified is specified.

Appendices

The Appendix includes the following:

Appendix A - 20 Year Project Lists

The Capital Facilities Element is to include a six-year CIP which consists of a financing plan for capital facilities identified for development over the next six-years.

In addition, 20-year project lists (years 7-20) are also required to address the Comprehensive Plan's 20-year time horizon. These 20-year project lists may be less detailed than the Six-Year CIP and do not requiring listing specific funding sources for specific projects. The 20-year project list also does not require the identification of timing for implementing specific projects (e.g. which year the project is proposed to occur).

Appendix A includes the 20-year project lists for parks, transportation, surface water and non-motorized transportation projects.

<u>Appendix B - City of Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element Goals and Policies</u>

Appendix B is the City of Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element goals and policies. These goals and policies address the relationship between the six-year CIP and 20-year project list, criteria for inclusion on a project list and considerations that are to be given in the development of financing plans.

Appendix C - Definitions

Appendix C includes commonly used definitions related to capital facilities planning from the Growth Management Act ("GMA", RCW 36.70A.030) as well as from the GMA procedural criteria for the adoption comprehensive plans and development regulations (Chapter 365-196 WAC).

Appendix D - Ordinance No. xxxx

Appendix D is a copy of the Ordinance No. xxxx adopting the Capital Facilities Element amendments, including the six-year and 20-year capital improvement programs.



III. WHY PLAN FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS?

A. Washington State Growth Management Act - Capital Facilities

Planning for capital facilities is a Washington State Growth Management Act (GMA) requirement. The GMA provides statutory authority for local governments to plan in Washington State (RCW 36.70A).

The requirement for capital facilities planning is implemented through a Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element. The process of identifying current capital facility needs, future needs to serve projected growth, and how to fund them, is required.

This requirement is established in two time frames – a detailed six-year capital improvement program and a general longer term 20-year project list, both of which are included in this CIP.

The *City of Mukilteo's Comprehensive Plan 2035* describes the community's future vision and values, along with goals and policies to implement the vision. The Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan is the strategy for maintaining and enhancing Mukilteo's high quality of life and for protecting the environment.

The Comprehensive Plan is implemented in several ways, including regulations, programs, and strategic capital investments. The Six-Year CIP identifies these strategic capital investments. The capital projects have been well thought out, as many are identified in separate plans that have undergone public processes prior to adoption.

Other plans that provide for capital facilities planning include, but are not limited to:

- City of Mukilteo 2015-2021 Surface Water Management Plan (adopted 2015)
- City of Mukilteo Parks, Recreation, Open Space and Arts Plan (PROSA, adopted 2017)
- City of Mukilteo Six-Year Transportation Improvement Program (TIP, adopted annually)
- City of Mukilteo By the Way Plan (BTW Plan, adopted 2017)
- City of Mukilteo Shoreline Master Program (adopted 2019)

B. Concurrency

In addition to meeting the GMA requirements for capital improvement planning, the Six-Year CIP implements another GMA requirement called concurrency.

Concurrency means that adequate public facilities are in place to serve new development as development occurs. In the alternative, a financial commitment must be in place to provide the public facilities within six years of the time of development.

In Mukilteo, the concurrency requirement applies to transportation facilities.

In order to ensure adequate transportation facilities exist, the GMA requires jurisdictions to adopt level-of-service standards (LOS) for arterials, transit service, and other facilities. At a minimum, transportation facilities must be of sufficient capacity to accommodate a new development proposal without decreasing the level of service below locally adopted level-of-service standards.

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The Six-Year CIP plays an important role in concurrency. It is used to determine whether a financial commitment has been made to provide the facilities within six years of the time of development. Absent meeting concurrency, alternatives include but are not limited to, denial or modification of a development proposal.



IV. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM BENEFITS

Besides meeting the statutory requirement under the GMA, there are multiple benefits to capital improvement planning. These include:

- Guiding implementation of the community's Comprehensive Plan vision, linking the comprehensive plan and supporting functional plans with fiscal capacity
- Facilitating meeting adopted level of service standards
- Providing a framework for decision makers to efficiently use limited funding
- Making City grant applications more competitive, as certain funding agencies may weigh projects on the CIP more favorably
- Prioritizing projects and coordinating related projects
- Informing the public about the government's investment in infrastructure consistent with community expectations as identified in adopted plans

When comprehensive plans, development regulations, and budgeting policy and decisions are prepared and pursued in a coordinated and consistent manner, the outcome is an effective approach to implementing the community vision.

V. RELATIONSHIP TO CITY BUDGET AND FINANCIAL POLICIES

A. Relationship to City Budget

The City of Mukilteo typically adopts a Six-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) concurrent with the annual budget process and with amendments to the City budget. This is because the GMA allows for exceptions to the requirement that comprehensive plan amendments be considered no more frequently than once per year. One of those exceptions is where a capital facilities element amendment occurs concurrently with the adoption or amendment of a county or city budget.

The reason for this exception is the strong relationship between the six-year CIP and local government budgeting. The GMA mandated Capital Facilities Element requires adoption of a six-year capital facilities financing program that,

"...will finance...capital facilities within projected funding capacities and clearly identifies sources of public money for such purposes." RCW 36.70A.070(3)(d).

Development of the City of Mukilteo's Six-Year CIP is integrated with the budget development process. During the budget preparation process, project requests for capital dollars are identified, including major capital facility project requests.

For the most part capital requests are carryovers from the prior Six-Year CIP, with a limited number of new capital projects included in the Six-Year CIP in any given year. Revenue and expense needs identified for the first year of the Six-Year CIP are incorporated into the annual budgeting process for the following year, along with projected changes to operating and maintenance expenses for completed CIP projects.

This process is highly interdepartmental. Close coordination across departments is necessary to ensure that limited resources are best used to implement the comprehensive plan and meet the needs of the City.

VI. CAPITAL FACILITIES - TYPES, NON-CITY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

A. Capital Facilities

For the purposes on this Six-Year CIP, a capital facility is a City owned structure, improvement, or other major asset, including land. There is no specific minimum dollar threshold that defines a capital facility.

Most capital facilities are vetted through other planning processes and adopted planning documents (e.g., Surface Water Management Plan, PROSA Plan, etc.). Deference is given to the public process on how those documents identify needed capital improvements, regardless of cost.

As directed by the *City of Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035*, the CIP generally organizes capital facilities under one of the following categories,

- City Facilities/Buildings
- Transportation (Roadways, Sidewalks, Bikeways)
- Stormwater
- Parks and Recreation
- Shoreline & Habitat Management

B. Non-City Capital Improvements

Other agencies have capital facilities within the City of Mukilteo. These agencies conduct their own capital facilities planning and are not addressed in this CIP. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- Mukilteo Water and Wastewater District (water and sewer)
- Alderwood Water and Wastewater District (water and sewer)
- Mukilteo School District (public schools)

The City of Mukilteo collects impact fees on behalf of the Mukilteo School District. Collection of these fees is based on a capital facilities plan prepared and adopted by the Mukilteo School District.

The *City of Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035* acknowledges these other service providers and the important role they play in providing services to Mukilteo. Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element Policy CF5 states,

"CF5: The city of Mukilteo shall continue to assess the adequacy of its own capital facilities to meet city standards and shall work with all outside service providers to determine their ability to continue to meet their service standards over the 20-year time frame of the Comprehensive Plan."

In addition, the *Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035* Utilities Element includes a section that discusses water and sewer utility service to Mukilteo by these other service providers and the importance of city coordination with these utility service providers to promote efficiencies.

VII. REVENUE SOURCES

A requirement of the Six-Year CIP is to establish a funding plan that identifies and prioritizes the capital needs with available funding sources. The Six-Year CIP is to identify revenue sources that are reasonably expected to fund the capital facilities.

A. Capital Projects (Non-Enterprise Funds)

The following funding sources are available for allocation to capital projects. This list does not cover all revenue sources available to an enterprise fund, such as the City's stormwater utility. Funding sources available to the stormwater utility are discussed later.

- Real Estate Excise Tax
- General Fund Reserve Transfer
- Mitigation from:
 - o Developers for streets & parks
- Washington State Fuel Tax
- Bonds
- Public Works Trust Fund Loans
- Grants
- Transportation Benefit District
- Other sources:
 - Contributions by others

A summary description of these funding sources follow.

Real Estate Excise Tax

Real Estate Excise Tax (REET) is a tax levied on the sale of real estate as measured by the full selling price. The City of Mukilteo collects REET funds at 0.5 percent on real estate sales. REET receipts can be subject to variations due to volatility in the local real estate market.

State law restricts REET 1 and REET 2, or the first and second quarter percent (.25%) of REET funds, to the following uses:

- Planning, acquisition, construction, re-construction, repair, replacement, rehabilitation, or improvement of: streets, roads, highways, sidewalks, street and road lighting systems, traffic signals, bridges, domestic water system and storm and sanitary sewer systems.
- Planning, construction, reconstruction, repair, rehabilitation or improvement of park and recreation facilities.

State law allows REET 1, or the first quarter percent (.25%), to also be used for:

- Acquisition of parks and recreation facilities.
- Planning, acquisition, construction, reconstruction, repair, replacement, rehabilitation, or improvement of: law enforcement or fire protection facilities, trails, libraries, and administrative and judicial facilities.

General Fund Reserve Transfer

Some projects may have funding through a transfer in of funding from the general fund.

Mitigation (Transportation, Parks)

The City receives impact fee revenues from developers to mitigate the impacts of new development on the transportation and park systems. These funding sources have restrictions on how the funds are expended.

For transportation, the City also has a reciprocal Interlocal Agreement (ILA) with Snohomish County for traffic impact fee mitigation. Development projects in unincorporated Snohomish County may pay transportation impact fees to the City of Mukilteo if that project meets certain criteria for impacts on the City road system. The same is true for projects in the City of Mukilteo that have transportation impacts on the Snohomish County road system. In that instance, the development project inside the city limits may need to pay transportation impact fees to the County.

State of Washington Fuel Tax

The State of Washington imposes a motor vehicle fuel tax. A portion of those taxes go to local governments to fund eligible transportation projects.

Bond Financing

Bond revenue is available to finance capital projects through two sources:

- General obligation bonds; and,
- Revenue bonds.

General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the issuing local government. General obligation bonds are either non-voted (Councilmanic) or voter-approved.

Councilmanic bonds are authorized by the jurisdiction's legislative body without the need for voter approval. Revenue bonds are secured by a specific revenue source, most commonly a user fee or charge for service and therefore do not require voter approval.

Public Works Trust Fund Loans

The State of Washington's Public Works Board provides low interest to local governments to finance public infrastructure improvements. These loans are provided under the Public Works Trust Fund Program and offer lower than market rates payable over periods ranging to a maximum of 20 years.

Grants

The City pursues grants to help finance City projects. Examples include grants from the State Recreation and Conservation Office, Conservation Futures Fund, Complete Streets Program, Safe Routes to Schools, and Federal grants (e.g. Federal Emergency Management Agency). The State of Washington also has direct legislative funding awarded to projects. Historically, the City has been very successful obtaining grants, especially for transportation projects.

Transportation Benefit District

As provided for in State law, Mukilteo voters created a Transportation Benefit District (TBD). The approval allowed for an increase in the city sales tax of one-tenth of one percent for ten years beginning on April 1, 2018, to fund certain transportation improvements authorized under State

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law. Preservation of city streets and improving pedestrian and bicyclist safety are the City's focus on the use of these funds.

Other Sources - Contributions By Others

Other revenue sources include a variety of known or reasonably expected one-time funding sources.

This includes contributions by others. For example, the City might partner with and/or receive funding from other agencies such as Snohomish County, Sound Transit, etc., to fund projects that benefit the citizens of Mukilteo.

B. Utility Enterprise Fund (Surface Water Utility)

The City operates one utility enterprise fund (surface water). Revenues and expenditures for the surface water utility are accounted for independently from other city services.

Long-term capital funding strategies help ensure that adequate resources are available to fund surface water CIP projects. In addition to the City's resources such as accumulated cash reserves, capital revenues, and rate revenues designated for capital purposes, capital needs can be met from outside sources such as grants, low-interest loans, and bond financing.

The following funding sources are available for allocation to surface water capital projects.

City Resources

- General Facilities Charges
- Local Improvement Districts

Outside Resources

- Washington State Department of Ecology Grants and Loans
- Public Works Trust Fund (PWTF)

Bond Financing

- General Obligation Bonds
- Revenue Bonds

The surface water utility accumulates funds over time for scheduled capital improvement projects and to provide a contingency for unexpected capital needs. Operating contingency reserves reduce the unknown economic risk factor associated with long-term financial planning.

Revenue Sources - Utilities

City Resources

Resources appropriate for funding capital needs include accumulated cash in the construction fund, rate revenues designated for capital spending purposes, and capital-related charges such as the General Facilities Charge (GFC).

General Facilities Charges

A connection charge such as the GFC refers to a one-time charge imposed on new customers as a condition of development. The purpose of the GFC is two-fold: to promote equity between new and existing customers and to provide a source of revenue to fund capital projects. Revenue can only be used to fund utility capital projects or to pay debt

service incurred to finance those projects. The City does not currently charge a stormwater GFC.

Local Improvement Districts

A local improvement district (LID) is another mechanism for funding infrastructure that assesses benefited properties based on the special benefit received by the construction of a specific facility. Most often used for local facilities, some LIDs also recover related general facilities costs. Substantial legal and procedural requirements can make this a relatively expensive process, and there are mechanisms by which an LID can be rejected. LIDs have proven to be an awkward fit for surface water facilities because of the challenge of linking the special benefit to specific properties.

Outside Resources

This section outlines various grant, loan, and bond opportunities available to the City through federal and state agencies to fund CIP projects.

Grants and Low Cost Loans

Historically, federal and state grant programs were available to local utilities for capital funding assistance. However, these assistance programs have been mostly eliminated, substantially reduced in scope and amount, or replaced by loan programs.

Department of Ecology Grants and Loans - The Washington Department of Ecology (Ecology) administers an integrated funding program for projects that improve and protect water quality throughout the state. Projects include stormwater control and treatment, nonpoint pollution abatement and stream restoration activities, and water quality education and outreach.

The sources of funding for water quality projects include:

- Centennial Clean Water Fund State Grant Program
- Clean Water Act Section 319 Federal Grant Program
- Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Loan Program
- Stormwater Financial Assistance Program (SFAP)

Public Works Trust Fund (PWTF)

The State of Washington's Public Works Board has in the past provided low interest loans to local governments to finance public infrastructure improvements. These loans are provided under the Public Works Trust Fund Program and offer lower than market rates payable over periods ranging to a maximum of 20 years.

Bond Financing

Bond revenue is available to finance capital projects through two sources:

- General obligation bonds; and,
- Revenue bonds.

General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the issuing local government. General obligation bonds are either non-voted (Councilmanic) or voter-approved.

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Under Washington State law, general government debt is restricted to 2.5 percent of a jurisdiction's taxable assessed value of property for general purpose bonds. Councilmanic bonds are authorized by the jurisdiction's legislative body without the need for voter approval.

Revenue bonds are secured by a specific revenue source, most commonly a user fee or charge for service and therefore do not require voter approval. This type of bond is generally associated with utilities funds.



VIII. Public Participation, Outreach & Equity

As a requirement of the Washington State GMA, the Six-Year CIP is subject to the GMA's public participation requirements. The recommendations of local citizens, advisory boards, and the Planning Commission are considered when determining types and locations of projects. Public hearings by both the planning commission and city council were held on the 2022-2027 Six-Year CIP (and 20-year CIP).

In addition, the City recognizes that capital facilities improve the quality of life of residents and businesses. Public investment in capital facilities also can drive and incentivize private investment and economic development. Public investment in capital facilities may also impact certain neighborhoods of a community over others.

Because of this, capital projects in this Six-Year CIP were reviewed through an equity lens. The City's Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI) Commission was among the City Commissions briefed on the Six-Year CIP.



IX. Capital Facilities Element - Updating the Six-Year CIP

The City of Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan provides direction on updates to the Six-Year CIP.

Specifically, *Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035* Capital Facilities Element policies CF2, and CF2a address the Six-Year CIP update in terms of frequency and states,

"CF2: Two capital project lists, a 6-year and a 20-year list, shall be adopted annually by city council resolution." (Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan, page 56)

"The 6-year capital project list shall be reviewed annually and, if necessary, revised to accommodate projected demands and revenues (CF2a)." (Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan, page 56)

For the capital planning process to be predictable, the Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan envisions a coordinated relationship between the 20-Year CIP and Six-Year CIP.

Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035 policy CF2b, cited earlier in this Six-Year CIP states,

"Projects added to the 6-year list shall always come from the 20-year list except for the rare circumstances where a deficiency arises unexpectedly (CF2b)." (Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan, page 56)

The 20-year project lists may be found in Appendix A. Because these 20-year CIP projects will not be undertaken in the near future, the *Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035* states that costs for projects on the 20-year list should be estimated and that identifying specific revenue sources to pay for them is not required.

SECTION II

A. SIX-YEAR CAPITAL PROJECTS (2022-2027)

Section II provides information about the individual capital projects that constitute the Six-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP). Projects on the Six-Year CIP are taken from several sources including, as examples, the Six-Year Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), Surface Water Management Plan, By the Way (BTW) Plan and Parks, Recreation, Open Space and Arts (PROSA) Plan.

Summary information about the overall Six-Year capital improvement program costs are presented, as well as information about the sources of revenue that might reasonably be expected to fund the projects during the CIP's six-year 2022-2027 time frame.

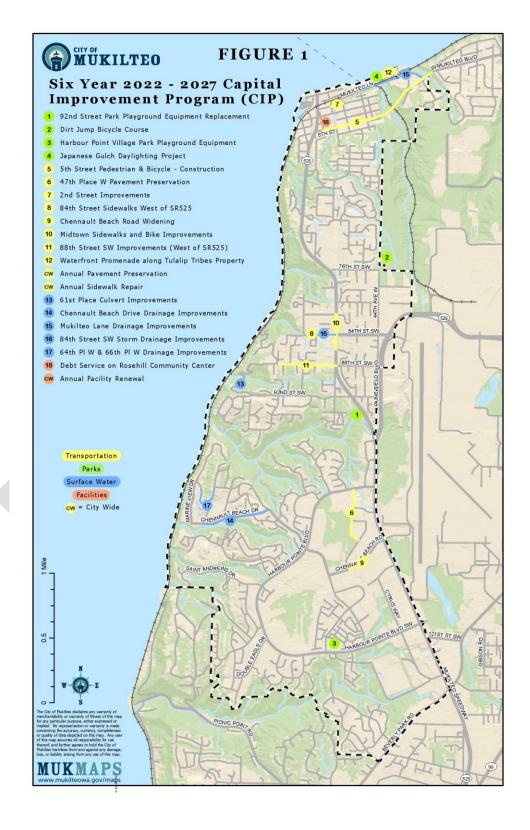
Following the broad summary table are individual project detail sheets. These individual project sheets describe the capital improvement projects and their estimated costs, outline a schedule for project completion, and designate funding sources for these projects based on a review of revenue conditions for the six year planning period.

While the project sheets provide information as the location of a specific project, Figure 1 is a map of all of the projects.

When taken as a whole, the Six-Year CIP not only complies with the requirements of the Growth Management Act but establishes sound capital financing programming for the City.



FIGURE 1
MAP OF CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS



City of Mukilteo 2022-2027 Capital Improvement Program

PROJECT NAME	ADOPTED PLAN	2022	2023	2024		2025		2026		2027		Future		Total
			on Projects											
92nd Street Park Playground Equipment Replacement			\$ - 9	-	\$	190,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	190,000
Dirt Jump Bicycle Course	PROSA Plan	10,000	26,000	-		-		-		-		-		36,000
Harbour Pointe Village Park Playground Equipment	PROSA Plan	-	140,000	-		-		-		-		-		140,000
Japanese Gulch Daylighting Project	Downtown Waterfront Master Plan, Pl_	150,000	50,000	3,000,000		3,000,000		-		-		-		6,200,000
	Total Recreation Projects \$	160,000	\$ 216,000	3,000,000	\$	3,190,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,566,000
			ation Projects											
Annual Pavement Preservation	TIP	,			\$	854,214	\$	854,214	\$	854,214	\$	-	\$	3,256,856
Annual Sidewalk Repair	TIP	185,000	25,000	25,000		25,000		25,000		25,000		-		310,000
5th Street Pedestrian & Bicycle - Construction	TIP & BTW	-	4,000,000	-		-		-		-		-		4,000,000
47th Place W Pavement Preservation	TIP	-	290,000	1,480,000		-		-		-		-		1,770,000
2nd Street Improvements	BTW	666,000	1,554,000	-		-		-		-		-		2,220,000
84th Street Sidewalks West of SR525	BTW	-	-	-		-		316,500		1,640,900		-		1,957,400
Chennault Beach Road Widening	BTW & TIP	-	-	-		447,700		62,920		2,371,600		-		2,882,220
Midtown Sidewalks and Bike Improvements	BTW	-	-	1,370,725		6,305,840		-		-		-		7,676,565
88th Street SW Improvements (West of SR525)	BTW	-	-	-		-		-		1,963,907		10,180,896		12,144,803
Waterfront Promenade along Tulalip Tribes Property	Downtown Waterfront Master Plan, Pl_	475,000	525,000	345,000		1,035,000		-		-		-		2,380,000
	Total Transportation Projects \$	2,020,214	\$ 6,394,000	3,220,725	\$	8,667,754	\$	1,258,634	\$	6,855,621	\$	10,180,896	\$	38,597,844
	Si	ırface Water M	anagement Projec	ts										
61st Place Culvert Improvements	SWMP	708,000	\$ - 9	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	708,000
Chennault Beach Drive Drainage Improvements	SWMP	889,000	3,941,000	_		-		_		-		-		4,830,000
Mukilteo Lane Drainage Improvements	SWMP	-	· · ·	1,759,000		-		7,504,000		-		-		9,263,000
84th Street SW Storm Drainage Improvements	SWMP	-	-	-		-		304,200		1,507,500		-		1,811,700
64th PI W & 66th PI W Drainage Improvements	SWMP	_	-	_		_		644,900				3,299,600		3,944,500
	Total Surface Water Management Projects \$	1,597,000	\$ 3,941,000	1,759,000	\$	-	\$	8,453,100	\$	1,507,500	\$	3,299,600	\$	20,557,200
			y Projects											
Debt Service on Rosehill Community Center	Annual budget	,			\$	878,000	\$	879,000	\$	875,000	\$	1,756,000	\$	7,026,000
Annual Facility Renewal	Annual budget	186,000	186,000	186,000		186,000		186,000		186,000		-		1,116,000
	Total Facility Projects \$	1,069,000	\$ 1,065,000	1,062,000	\$	1,064,000	\$	1,065,000	\$	1,061,000	\$	1,756,000	\$	8,142,000
	Total CIP Expenditures	4 046 214	\$ 11,616,000	9,041,725	_	12,921,754	_	10,776,734	Ś		_	15,236,496	_	73,863,044

City of Mukilteo 2022-2027 Capital Improvement Program

Capital Improvement Program	n Revenue
	Total
City Sources	
Park Impact Fees	\$ -
Real Estate Excise Tax I	7,026,000
Real Estate Excise Tax II	8,562,413
Surface Water Management Fees	20,557,200
Transportation Benefit District Funds	2,363,760
Transportation Impact Fees	-
Other Funds	-
Debt Issuance	-
General Fund	1,466,000
County Grants	20,000
State Grants	13,958,322
Federal Grants	15,883,349
Other Grants	4,026,000
	Total Funding \$ 73,863,044

			Cap	ital	Improvemer	nt P	rogram Expe	nse	s					
												Future		
	2021		2022		2023		2024		2025	2026		Year(s)		Total
Right of Way Acquisition	\$ 371,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	62,920	\$ -	\$	-	\$	433,920
Planning & Design	255,000		100,000		-		-		-	-		-		355,000
Engineering	1,410,450		235,000		2,562,580		455,000		1,102,600	1,661,126		-		7,426,756
Construction	2,472,100		9,608,000		5,232,000		11,309,747		7,953,214	6,294,614		12,989,680		55,859,355
Construction Management	178,950		1,265,000		610,000		713,230		1,028,000	780,200		1,685,112		6,260,492
Staff Time	158,714		408,000		637,145		443,777		630,000	688,181		561,704		3,527,521
	\$ 4,846,214	\$:	11,616,000	\$	9,041,725	\$:	12,921,754	\$:	10,776,734	\$ 9,424,121	\$:	15,236,496	\$ '	73,863,044
Est. Future O&M Costs	\$ -	\$	900	\$	4,705	\$	9,940	\$	26,075	\$ 27,445	\$	30,230	\$	99,295
1			•		•				•	•		•		

Capital Projects Fund

2022 - 2027 Capital Improvement Program

REVENUES	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Totals
County Grants	3,992	4,412	2,899	8,697	0	0	20,000
State Grants	981,595	1,704,731	437,425	1,118,728	0	1,571,126	5,813,606
Federal Grants	145,161	171,268	4,716,022	8,745,038	54,426	2,051,434	15,883,349
Other Grants	6,440	4,013,761	1,450	4,349	0	0	4,026,000
Transfers-In							
Transfers in from Stormwater Fund							
Transfers in from REET I Fund	883,000	879,000	876,000	878,000	879,000	875,000	5,270,000
Transfers in from REET II Fund	659,925	262,061	477,618	1,423,747	837,014	2,865,867	6,526,234
Transfers in from TBD Fund	377,545	299,321	585,311	367,194	367,194	367,194	2,363,760
Transfers in from General Fund	191,556	340,444	186,000	376,000	186,000	186,000	1,466,000
Total Revenues	3,249,214	7,675,000	7,282,725	12,921,754	2,323,634	7,916,621	41,368,948
EXPENDITURES							
Operating & Maintenance Expenses							
Capital Projects/Transfers-Out							
Capital project expenses							
Recreation Projects	160,000	216,000	3,000,000	3,190,000	0	0	6,566,000
Transportation Projects	2,020,214	6,394,000	3,220,725	8,667,754	1,258,634	6,855,621	28,416,948
Facility Projects	1,069,000	1,065,000	1,062,000	1,064,000	1,065,000	1,061,000	6,386,000
Total Expenditures	3,249,214	7,675,000	7,282,725	12,921,754	2,323,634	7,916,621	41,368,948
Cash Flow Year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beginning Fund Balances from Prior Year	0						C
Accumulated Totals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

REET I
2022 - 2027 Capital Improvement Program

REVENUES	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Totals
		2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	
Real Estate Excise Tax I	815,000	831,300	847,926	864,885	882,182	899,826	5,141,119
Investment Interest	5,000	5,100	5,202	5,306	5,412	5,520	31,541
Total Revenues	820,000	836,400	853,128	870,191	887,594	905,346	5,172,659
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Projects/Transfers-Out							
Transfers to Debt Service Fund	883,000	879,000	876,000	878,000	879,000	875,000	5,270,000
Transfers to CIP Fund							0
Transfers to REET II Fund							0
Transfers to TBD Fund							0
Total Expenditures	883,000	879,000	876,000	878,000	879,000	875,000	5,270,000
Cash Flow Year by Year	(63,000)	(42,600)	(22,872)	(7,809)	8,594	30,346	(97,341)
Beginning Fund Balances from Prior Year	2,128,366						2,128,366
Accumulated Totals	2,065,366	2,022,766	1,999,894	1,992,084	2,000,678	2,031,025	2,031,025

REET II
2022 - 2027 Capital Improvement Program

REVENUES	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Totals
		2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	
Real Estate Excise Tax II	815,000	831,300	847,926	864,885	882,182	899,826	5,141,119
County Grants							
State Grants							
Federal Grants							
Other Grants							
Transfers-In							
Investment Interest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	815,000	831,300	847,926	864,885	882,182	899,826	5,141,119
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Projects/Transfers-Out							
Capital project expenses							
Transfers to Debt Service Fund							
Transfers to CIP Fund							
Annual Pavement Preservation	395,797	0	0	487,020	487,020	487,020	1,856,856
Annual Sidewalk Repair	185,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	310,000
47th Place W Pavement Preservation	0	52,429	267,571	0	0	0	320,000
2nd Street Improvements	79,128	184,632	0	0	0	0	263,760
84th Street Sidewalks West of SR525	0	0	0	0	316,500	1,640,900	1,957,400
Chennault Beach Road Widening	0	0	0	60,440	8,494	320,166	389,100
Midtown Sidewalks and Bike Improvements	0	0	185,048	851,288	0	0	1,036,336
88th Street SW Improvements (West of SR525)	0	0	0	0	0	392,781	392,781
Transfers to TBD Fund							0
Transfers to General Fund	38,500	40,425	42,446	44,569	46,797	49,137	261,874
Total Expenditures	698,425	302,486	520,065	1,468,316	883,811	2,915,004	6,788,107
Cash Flow Year by Year	116,575	528,814	327,861	(603,431)	(1,628)	(2,015,178)	(1,646,989
Beginning Fund Balances from Prior Year	1,918,190						1,918,190

Transportation Benefit District

2022 - 2027 Capital Improvement Program

REVENUES	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Totals
		2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	
Public Transportation System Sales & Use Tax	353,000	361,825	370,871	380,142	389,646	399,387	2,254,871
County Grants							
State Grants							
Federal Grants							
Other Grants							
Transfers-In							
Investment Interest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	353,000	361,825	370,871	380,142	389,646	399,387	2,254,871
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Projects/Transfers-Out							
Capital project expenses							
Transfers to CIP Fund							
Annual Pavement Preservation	298,417	0	0	367,194	367,194	367,194	1,400,000
47th Place W Pavement Preservation	0	114,689	585,311	0	0	0	700,000
2nd Street Improvements	79,128	184,632	0	0	0	0	263,760
Transfers to General Fund	38,500	40,425	42,446	44,569	46,797	49,137	261,874
Total Expenditures	416,045	339,746	627,757	411,763	413,991	416,331	2,625,634
Cash Flow Year by Year	(63,045)	22,079	(256,886)	(31,621)	(24,346)	(16,944)	(370,763
Beginning Fund Balances from Prior Year	459,519						459,519
Accumulated Totals	396,475	418,554	161,667	130,047	105,701	88,757	88,757

Transportation Impact Fee

2022 - 2027 Capital Improvement Program

REVENUES	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Totals
		2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	
Street Mitigation Fees	20,000	20,400	20,808	21,224	21,649	22,082	126,162
Total Revenues	20,000	20,400	20,808	21,224	21,649	22,082	126,162
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Projects/Transfers-Out							
Transfers to REET II Fund							0
Transfers to General Fund							0
Total Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash Flow Year by Year	20,000	20,400	20,808	21,224	21,649	22,082	126,162
Beginning Fund Balances from Prior Year	102,945						102,945
Accumulated Totals	122,945	143,345	164,153	185,377	207,026	229,107	229,107

City of Mukilteo

Park Impact Fee

2022 - 2027 Capital Improvement Program

REVENUES	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Totals
		3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	
Federal Grants	10,000	10,200	10,404	10,612	10,824	11,041	63,081
State Grants							
Other Grants							
Transfers in from General Fund		·		·			0
Total Revenues	10,000	10,200	10,404	10,612	10,824	11,041	63,081
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Projects/Transfers-Out							
Capital project expenses							0
Total Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash Flow Year by Year	10,000	10,200	10,404	10,612	10,824	11,041	63,081
Beginning Fund Balances from Prior Year	269,153						269,153
Accumulated Totals	279,153	289,353	299,757	310,370	321,194	332,235	332,235

City of Mukilteo

Surface Water Management

2022 - 2027 Analysis

REVENUES	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Totals
		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Stormwater Management Fees	4,010,000	4,010,000	4,010,000	4,010,000	4,010,000	4,010,000	24,060,000
State Grants							
Federal Grants							
Other Grants							
Investment Interest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	4,010,000	4,010,000	4,010,000	4,010,000	4,010,000	4,010,000	24,060,000
EXPENDITURES							
Operating & Maintenance Expenses	3,581,748	3,689,200	3,799,876	3,913,873	4,031,289	4,152,227	23,168,214
Capital Projects/Transfers-Out							
Capital project expenses							
61st Place Culvert Improvements	708,000	0	0	0	0	0	708,000
Chennault Beach Drive Drainage Improvements	889,000	3,941,000	0	0	0	0	4,830,000
Mukilteo Lane Drainage Improvements	0	0	1,759,000	0	7,504,000	0	9,263,000
84th Street SW Storm Drainage Improvements	0	0	0	0	304,200	1,507,500	1,811,700
64th PI W & 66th PI W Drainage Improvements	0	0	0	0	644,900	0	644,900
Transfers to Facility Renewal Fund	10,450	10,450	10,450	10,450	10,450	10,450	62,700
Transfers to CIP Fund							0
Transfers to General Fund	77,000	80,850	84,893	89,137	93,594	98,274	523,747
Total Expenditures	5,266,198	7,721,500	5,654,219	4,013,460	12,588,433	5,768,451	41,012,261
Cash Flow Year by Year	(1,256,198)	(3,711,500)	(1,644,219)	(3,460)	(8,578,433)	(1,758,451)	(16,952,261)
Beginning Fund Balances from Prior Year	11,874,658						11,874,658
Accumulated Totals	10,618,460	6,906,959	5,262,741	5,259,281	(3,319,152)	(5,077,603)	(5,077,603)

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CITY OF MUKILTEO

PROJECTED CAPITAL REVENUES & EXPENDITURES

2022 - 2027 Capital Improvement Plan

REVENUES	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Totals
Dedicated Capital Revenue							
Real Estate Excise Tax I	815,000	831,300	847,926	864,885	882,182	899,826	5,141,119
Real Estate Excise Tax II	815,000	831,300	847,926	864,885	882,182	899,826	5,141,119
Transportation Benefit District Funds	353,000	361,825	370,871	380,142	389,646	399,387	2,254,871
Transportation Impact Fees	20,000	20,400	20,808	21,224	21,649	22,082	126,162
Park Impact Fees	10,000	10,200	10,404	10,612	10,824	11,041	63,081
County Grants	3,992	4,412	2,899	8,697	0	0	20,000
State Grants	981,595	1,704,731	4,437,425	1,118,728	0	1,571,126	9,813,606
Federal Grants	155,161	181,468	4,726,426	8,755,650	65,250	2,062,475	15,946,430
Other Grants	6,440	4,013,761	1,450	4,349	0	0	4,026,000
Surface Water Management Fees	1,597,000	3,941,000	1,759,000	0	8,453,100	1,507,500	17,257,600
Other Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
General Fund	191,556	340,444	186,000	376,000	186,000	186,000	1,466,000
TOTAL REVENUE AVAILABLE	4,948,744	12,240,842	13,211,134	12,405,172	10,890,833	7,559,261	61,255,987
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Expenditures							
Recreation Projects	160,000	216,000	3,000,000	3,190,000	0	0	6,566,000
Transportation Projects	2,020,214	6,394,000	3,220,725	8,667,754	1,258,634	6,855,621	28,416,948
Stormwater Projects	1,597,000	3,941,000	1,759,000	0	8,453,100	1,507,500	17,257,600
Other Capital Projects	1,069,000	1,065,000	1,062,000	1,064,000	1,065,000	1,061,000	6,386,000
TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	4,846,214	11,616,000	9,041,725	12,921,754	10,776,734	9,424,121	58,626,548
Balance by Year	102,530	624,842	4,169,409	(516,582)	114,099	(1,864,860)	2,629,439
Beginning Fund Balances from Prior	4,878,173						4,878,173
Accumulated Totals	4,980,703	5,605,545	9,774,955	9,258,373	9,372,472	7,507,612	7,507,612

92nd Street Park Playground Equipment Replacement

PROJ ID: REC0001 EST COST: \$ 190,000





PROJECT LOCATION:

4800 92nd St SW, Mukilteo, WA 98275; located on the corner of Mukilteo Speedway and 92nd Street.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Currently playground features one double slide, climbing gazebo, and bars. Playground lacks ADA/accessible equipment and access; current equipment is narrow in age target. New playground equipment will feature additional play equipment including multi-generational play equipment; access to play features should be ADA and inclusive/accessible (e.g. supporting those with autism & other spectrum disorders). Smaller playground (pictured above on the right) will be completely replaced with multi-generational equipment and accessible features, as well.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

Improve quality of park experience for residents of all ages. Update equipment to include additional features, and broaden the age appeal of the equipment (multi-generational), address ADA, and include adult workout feature. Opportunities for public input will help determine types of amenities to be included.

CITY PRIORITY: Expanding Community Recreation Access **ADOPTED PLAN:** PROSA Plan

SCHEDULE: 2025

92nd Street Park Playground Equipment Replacement

		KEVENUI	2 & CO21 1	BREAKDOW	N			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	x II							-
Surface Water Manaş	gement Fees	3						-
Transportation Bene	fit District I	Funds						-
Transportation Impa	ct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								190,000
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
п 1 10 .								_
Federal Grants								
Federal Grants Other Grants								-
							_	190,000
Other Grants							- -	190,000
Other Grants							- -	190,000
Other Grants Total Funding							- = Future	190,000
Other Grants Total Funding	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Future Year(s)	190,000 Total
Other Grants Total Funding	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027		
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS	2022							
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition	2022							
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design	2022							
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering	2022 - - - - -			- - -				Total - -
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction	2022 - - - - - -		- - -	- - -				Total - -
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction Construction Management	2022 - - - - - - -		- - -	- - -				Total - -

Dirt Jump Bicycle Course

PROJ ID: REC0002 EST COST: \$ 36,000



PROJECT LOCATION:

Japanese Gulch entrance near 76th St SW and 44th Ave W, southwest of Japanese Gulch, south of the community garden.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The identified location is at the southwest portion of the gulch directly south of the community garden. This is a project listed in the Japanese Gulch Master Plan (pages 17 and 18), and 2017-2023 PROSA.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

Provide bicycle jumps for people of all ages within the gulch. The jumps are made with contoured dirt. The project costs include design, engineering, and construction. Donated funds have been received by the Japanese Gulch Group for renting earth moving equipment (\$16,000, shown under Other Grants below).

CITY PRIORITY: Expanding Community Recreation Access **ADOPTED PLAN:** PROSA Plan

SCHEDULE: 2022-2023

Dirt Jump Bicycle Course

	I	REVENUE	& COST BI	REAKDOW	N			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	x II							-
Surface Water Manag	gement Fees							-
Transportation Benef	it District F	unds						-
Transportation Impa	ct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								20,000
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								16,000
Total Funding							-	36,000
							=	
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning & Design	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000
Engineering	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000
Construction	-	21,000	-	-	-	-	-	21,000
Construction Management	-	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	5,000
Staff Time	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Project Costs	10,000	26,000	-	-	-	-	-	36,000
Estimated Future O&M Costs			500	500	500	500	500	2,500

Harbour Pointe Village Park Playground Equipment

PROJ ID: REC0003 EST COST: \$ 140,000



PROJECT LOCATION:

12215 Possession Way, Mukilteo, WA 98275

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The 6-acre Harbour Pointe Village Park provides undeveloped green open space with trail connections to nearby Harbour Pointe Village. Equipment will feature multi-generational play equipment that provides for inclusion of and provision for ADA access. Neighborhoods adjacent to the park will provide input into types of play equipment to be included for youth and adults.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

To provide active recreational opportunities with a new playground. Multi-generational playground equipment which will broaden the opportunity for residents of all ages, including ADA considerations. Inclusive features to be included (i.e. supporting those with autism & other spectrum disorders). Park features to be determined with input from the surrounding community.

CITY PRIORITY: Expanding Community Recreation Access **ADOPTED PLAN:** PROSA Plan

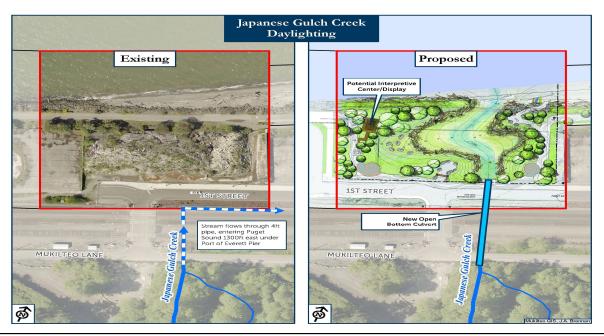
SCHEDULE: 2023

Harbour Pointe Village Park Playground Equipment

		REVENUE	& COSI B	KEARDU	VIN			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Tax	κI							-
Real Estate Excise Tax	κ II							-
Surface Water Manag	ement Fee	es						-
Transportation Benef	it District	Funds						-
Transportation Impac	t Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								140,000
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								-
Other Grants Total Funding							-	140,000
							-	140,000
							-	140,000
Total Funding							- - Future	140,000
Total Funding	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Future Year(s)	- 140,000 Total
Total Funding	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027		
Total Funding PROJECT COSTS	2022	2023		2025 - -	2026	2027		
Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition	2022	2023		2025	2026	2027		
Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design	2022 - - - -	2023 - - - 140,000		2025	2026 - - - -	2027 - - - -		
Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering	2022	- - -		2025	2026 - - - - -	2027		Total - - -
PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction	2022 - - - - - -	- - -		2025	2026	2027 - - - - - -	Year(s)	Total - - -
PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction Construction Management	2022 - - - - - - -	- - -		2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total - - -

Japanese Gulch Daylighting Project

PROJ ID: REC0004 EST COST: 6,200,000



PROJECT LOCATION:

1200 block 1st Street, Snohomish County, within Mukilteo City limits. 4.95 acres, zoned OS (Open Space)

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The Japanese Gulch daylighting restoration project is a signature project in the City's Downtown Waterfront Master Plan. The project is an environmental/habitat restoration and shoreline access project supported by \$6.7 million in grant funding, not all secured. This includes approximately \$100,000 from the Port of Everett in previous years, and \$600,000 in State capital budget funding in to be spent from 2021-2023 to complete design and obtain permits. Federal grant funding to construct the project within the six-year plan horizon is being actively pursued.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

The project daylights Japanese Creek at the Possession Sound shore creating a pocket estuary and transforming the current remnant of a former US Air Force tank farm site into a centerpiece for environmental restoration. Upland and marsh plantings, shore improvements, salmon and other habitat improvements, as well as view overlooks and potential interpretive displays are key project elements on the 4.95 acre site. Design is to be completed in 2021 with funds for permitting secured in 2022-2023. Shoreline objectives including restoring the natural shoreline character, protecting shoreline resources/environment, increasing public access, and expanding recreational shoreline opportunities will be advanced.

CITY PRIORITY: Habitat Restoration and Shoreline Public Access **ADOPTED PLAN:** Downtown Waterfront

SCHEDULE: 2022-2025

Japanese Gulch Daylighting Project

		REVENU	E & COST BI	REAKDOWN				
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	ıx I							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	ıx II							-
Surface Water Manaş	gement Fees							-
Transportation Bene	fit District F	unds						-
Transportation Impa	ıct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								200,000
Federal Grants								6,000,000
Other Grants								-
Total Funding							•	6,200,000
							:	
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning & Design	150,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	=	200,000
Engineering		=	-	-	-	-	=	-
Construction			2,600,000	2,600,000		-	-	5,200,000
Construction Management	-	-	400,000	400,000		-	-	800,000
Staff Time	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Project Costs	150,000	50,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	-	-	6,200,000
Estimated Future O&M Costs					10,000	10,000	10,000	30,000

Annual Pavement Preservation

PROJ ID: TR##0100 EST COST: 3,256,856



PROJECT LOCATION:

Citywide

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Preservation of the street network utilizing various pavement preservation technologies. As planned, this annual program also funds project management and overhead costs.

Expenditures for this program in 2023 and 2024 can be found in the 47th Place W Pavement Preservation project.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

This program supports the 2016 Wise Investments in Transportation Taskforce recommendations and City Council policy by investing in the preservation of the City's street system.

CITY PRIORITY: Maintain Existing Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: TIP

SCHEDULE: Annual

Annual Pavement Preservation

		REVENUE	& COST B	REAKDOW	N			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хII							1,856,856
Surface Water Manag	gement Fees							-
Transportation Bene	fit District Fu	ınds						1,400,000
Transportation Impa	ct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								
Other Grants								-
Total Funding								3,256,856
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning & Design	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering	75,450			90,000	90,000	90,000	-	345,450
Construction	503,100			614,214	614,214	614,214	-	2,345,742
Construction Management	75,450			90,000	90,000	90,000	-	345,450
Staff Time	40,214			60,000	60,000	60,000	-	220,214
Total Project Costs	694,214	-	-	854,214	854,214	854,214	-	3,256,856
Estimated Future O&M Costs							-	-

Annual Sidewalk Repair

PROJ ID: TR##0200 EST COST: 310,000



PROJECT LOCATION:

Citywide

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Repairs to existing sidewalk network to fix broken, offset and/or damaged areas.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

This program supports investing annually to preserve the City's existing sidewalk infrastructure. If left unrepaired, damaged sidewalk locations can become tripping hazards to users.

CITY PRIORITY: Maintain Existing Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: TIP

SCHEDULE: Annual

Annual Sidewalk Repair

		REVENUE	& COST BRI	EAKDOWN	I			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	ax I							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	ax II							310,000
Surface Water Mana	gement Fees							-
Transportation Bene	fit District F	unds						-
Transportation Impa	act Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								-
Total Funding								310,000
							•	
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning & Design	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering							-	-
Construction	185,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	-	285,000
Construction Management							-	-
Staff Time		5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000		25,000
Total Project Costs	185,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	-	310,000
Estimated Future O&M Costs							_	_
Countries of the								

5th Street Pedestrian & Bicycle - Construction

PROJ ID: TR200800 EST COST: 4,000,000



PROJECT LOCATION:

5th Street between Lincoln Avenue and eastern City Limits (Edgewater Creek Bridge)

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

This project will improve 5th Street from Lincoln Ave to the eastern city limits by adding a bike lane and shared-use path. Improvements will include pavement repair and HMA overlay, storm drainage conveyance, detention, and treatment, curb ramp upgrades, guardrail replacement, illumination, on street bike lane, and shared use path.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

This project has been identified as a priority project in the Bike Transit Walk (BTW) plan and is in the 6-year Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP). The design was funded in 2020 through a Sound Transit System Access Fund grant. Funding for the construction was on a recommended project list for Sound Transit System Access funds however that construction funding appears to have moved to 2034 based on realignment actions taken by Sound Transit in the summer of 2021.

CITY PRIORITY: Bicycle & Pedestrian Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: TIP & BTW

SCHEDULE: 2023

5th Street Pedestrian & Bicycle - Construction

		REVENUE &	CO31 DK	CARDOWN	V			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Tax	κI							-
Real Estate Excise Tax	κII							-
Surface Water Manag	ement Fee	S						-
Transportation Benef	it District	Funds						-
Transportation Impac	t Fees							-
Other Funds								_
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								
Federal Grants								_
reuerar Grants								
Other Grants								4,000,000
								4,000,000
Other Grants								
Other Grants								
Other Grants Total Funding							Future	
Other Grants Total Funding	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Future Year(s)	
Other Grants Total Funding	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027		4,000,000
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS	2022	2023	2024			2027 - -		4,000,000
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition	2022	2023	2024			2027		4,000,000
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design	2022 - - -	2023 3,320,000	2024 - - -			2027 - - - -		4,000,000
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering	2022	-	2024			2027		4,000,000 Total
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction	2022 - - - -	3,320,000	2024 - - -			2027 - - - - - -		Total 3,320,000
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction Construction Management	2022 - - - - -	3,320,000 495,000	2024 - - -			2027 - - - - - - -		Total 3,320,000 495,000

47th Place W Pavement Preservation



PROJECT LOCATION:

47th Place W between Harbour Pointe Blvd and 47th Avenue West

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Extend the life of the pavement on 47th Place W by completing pavement grinding, HMA overlay, full-depth pavement repair where needed, curb ramp upgrades to comply with ADA requirements, restriping, and upgraded signage to comply with MUTCD standards. Channelization may also be modified to include bicycle lanes, following an evaluation to determine community desire for this change. Design is scheduled for 2023 and construction in 2024.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

This project supports the 2016 Wise Investments in Transportation Taskforce recommendations and City Council policy by investing in the preservation of the City's street system. This project is identified in the City's 6-year Transportation Improvement Plan and in 2020 received a federal Surface Transportation Program Preservation grant.

CITY PRIORITY: Maintain Existing Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: TIP

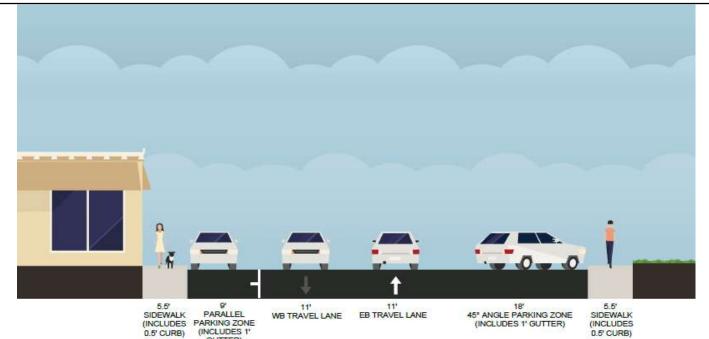
SCHEDULE: 2023-2024

47th Place W Pavement Preservation

		KEVENUL	& COST BRE	SANDOWN				
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Tax	κI							-
Real Estate Excise Tax	k II							320,000
Surface Water Manag	ement Fee	S						-
Transportation Benef	it District	Funds						700,000
Transportation Impac	t Fees							-
Other Funds								=
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
п 1 10 .								750,000
Federal Grants								,
Other Grants								
								1,770,000
Other Grants								
Other Grants Total Funding								
Other Grants							Future	1,770,000
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Future Year(s)	
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027		1,770,000
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design	2022	-	2024			2027		Total
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering	2022	2023 - - - 235,000	2024			2027		Total - 235,000
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction	2022 - - -	-	2024 - - - 1,250,000			2027 - - - -		Total - 235,000 1,250,000
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction Construction Management	2022 - - - -	-	- - - 1,250,000 165,000			2027		Total - 235,000 1,250,000 165,000
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction Construction Management	2022 - - - -	-	- - - 1,250,000			2027 - - - - - -		Total - 235,000 1,250,000
Other Grants Total Funding PROJECT COSTS Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction	2022	- 235,000 - -	- - - 1,250,000 165,000			2027 - - - - - -		Total - 235,000 1,250,000 165,000

2nd Street Improvements

PROJ ID: TR##### EST COST: 2,220,000



PROJECT LOCATION:

2nd Street between SR525 and Park Avenue

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

This project consists of he construction of sidewalks on both sides of 2nd Street between SR525 and Park Avenue. In addition, sections of the existing roadway will require reconstruction where existing curb is missing or almost flush with the adjacent roadway, the stormwater conveyance system will be upgraded, and lighting and landscaping will be installed to match the look and feel of 3rd Street, located one block south in front of Rosehill Community Center.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

This project has been identified as a priority project in the Bike Transit Walk (BTW) plan.

CITY PRIORITY: Bicycle & Pedestrian Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: BTW

SCHEDULE: 2022-2023

2nd Street Improvements

FUNDING SOURCE(S):				EAKDOW	- •			
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	x II							263,760
Surface Water Manaş	gement Fees	1						-
Transportation Bene	fit District F	unds						263,760
Transportation Impa	ict Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								1,692,480
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								-
Total Funding							_	2,220,000
							-	
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	371,000	-	-				-	371,000
Planning & Design	-	-	-				-	-
Engineering	295,000						-	295,000
Construction		1,342,000					-	1,342,000
Construction Management	-	212,000					-	212,000
Staff Time							-	-
Total Project Costs	666,000	1,554,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,220,000
Estimated Future O&M Costs			800	800	800	900	900	4,200

84th Street Sidewalks West of SR525



PROJECT LOCATION:

84th Street SW between SR525 and 53rd Avenue West

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Proposed improvements include widening the existing roadway, installing a new storm conveyance system and installing sidewalk improvements as identified in the Bike Transit Walk plan and the 2014 Planning Level Sidewalk Assessments. This project would be planned to be combined with the 84th Street SW Drainage Improvements project (SW260100).

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

This project has been identified as a priority project in the Bike Transit Walk (BTW) plan.

CITY PRIORITY: Bicycle & Pedestrian Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: BTW

SCHEDULE: 2026-2027

84th Street Sidewalks West of SR525

		REVENUI	E & COST I	BREAKDO	WN			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	x II							1,957,400
Surface Water Manag	gement Fees	3						-
Transportation Benef	fit District F	Funds						-
Transportation Impa	ct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								
Total Funding								1,957,400
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-				-	-
Planning & Design	-	-	=				-	-
Engineering	-				253,200		-	253,200
Construction						1,367,400	-	1,367,400
Construction Management	-					205,100	-	205,100
Staff Time					63,300	68,400	-	131,700
Total Project Costs		-	-	-	316,500	1,640,900	_	1,957,400
Estimated Future O&M Costs							900	900

Chennault Beach Road Widening

PROJ ID: TR##### EST COST: 2,882,220



PROJECT LOCATION:

Between 4424 Chennault Beach Road to 4480 Chennault Beach Road

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Widen a sub-standard section of Chennault Beach Road to provide a consistent pavement width and lane configuration throughout the corridor, construct new sidewalk to fill in a gap between existing sidewalks, construct ADA-compliant driveway entrances, and provide storm drainage improvements as needed to accommodate the improvements.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

This project has been identified as a priority project in the Bike Transit Walk(BTW) plan and is in the 6-year Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP).

CITY PRIORITY: Bicycle & Pedestrian Infrastructure

ADOPTED PLAN: BTW & TIP

SCHEDULE: 2025-2027

Chennault Beach Road Widening

		REVENUE	& COST	BREAKDOV	VN			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								=
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	x II							389,100
Surface Water Manag	gement Fees	S						-
Transportation Benef	fit District I	Funds						-
Transportation Impa	ct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								2,493,120
Other Grants								-
Total Funding								2,882,220
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	62,920	-	-	62,920
Planning & Design	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering	-			365,000	-	-	-	365,000
Construction				-	-	1,975,000	-	1,975,000
Construction Management	-			-	-	296,600	-	296,600
Staff Time				82,700		100,000		182,700
Total Project Costs		-	-	447,700	62,920	2,371,600	-	2,882,220
							900	900

Midtown Sidewalks and Bike Improvements

PROJ ID: TR##### EST COST: 7,676,565



PROJECT LOCATION:

SR525 between Caymus Lane and 81st Place SW

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Construct pedestrian and bicycle improvements along SR525 between Caymus Lane and 81st Place SW.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

This project has been identified as a priority project in the Bike Transit Walk (BTW) plan.

CITY PRIORITY: Bicycle & Pedestrian Infrastructure

SCHEDULE: 2024-2025

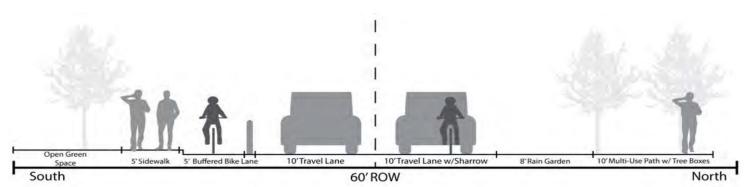
ADOPTED PLAN: BTW

Midtown Sidewalks and Bike Improvements

		KEVENU	JE & COST B	KEAKDOWN				
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Tax	ζI							-
Real Estate Excise Tax	ζII							1,036,336
Surface Water Manag	ement Fee	3						-
Transportation Benef	it District I	Funds						-
Transportation Impac	t Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								6,640,229
Other Grants								_
Total Funding								7,676,565
PROJECT COSTS								
I ROULCI COUID								
I NOULCI COUID							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Future Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027		Total -
Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design	2022 - -	2023	-	2025	2026	2027		
Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering	2022	2023	2024 - - 1,096,580		2026	2027		1,096,580
Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction	2022 - - -	2023 - -	-	5,921,533	2026	2027		- 1,096,580 5,921,533
Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction Construction Management	2022 - - - -	2023	- - 1,096,580	5,921,533 88,230	2026	2027		- 1,096,580 5,921,533 88,230
Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction Construction Management Staff Time	2022 - - - -	2023 - -	- 1,096,580 274,145	5,921,533 88,230 296,077	2026	2027		- 1,096,580 5,921,533 88,230 570,222
Right of Way Acquisition Planning & Design Engineering Construction	2022 - - - - - -	2023	- - 1,096,580	5,921,533 88,230	2026	2027		- 1,096,580 5,921,533 88,230

88th Street SW Improvements (West of SR525)

PROJ ID: TR###### EST COST: 12,144,803



<u>Proposed 88th Street SW Cross-Section</u> <u>From SR 525 to 56th Place West</u>

PROJECT LOCATION:

SR525 to 56th Place West

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Construction of roadway improvements consistent with the Bike Transit Walk plan. Roadway cross section consists of two 10-foot travel lanes, with a 5-foot buffered bike lane and 5-foot sidewalk on the south side, and a 10-foot shared use path separated from the travel lane by an 8-foot area for stormwater improvements, such as bioretention, on the north side.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

Although identified as a future project in the Bike Transit Walk (BTW) plan this project has moved up in priority due to additional feedback received since the plan was adopted.

CITY PRIORITY: Bicycle & Pedestrian Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: BTW

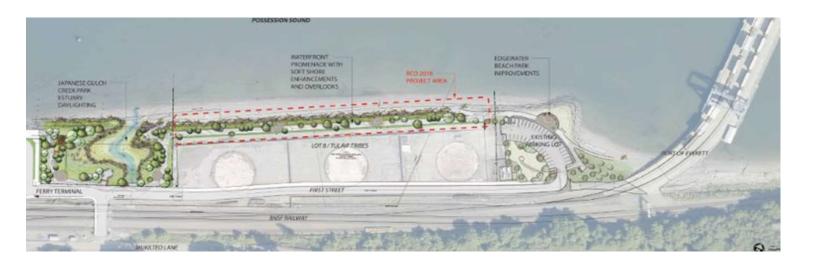
SCHEDULE: 2027-2028

88th Street SW Improvements (West of SR525)

		REVENU	E & COS	T BREAK	DOWN			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	x II							2,428,961
Surface Water Manag	ement Fee	S						-
Transportation Benefi	t District F	Funds						-
Transportation Impac	t Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								9,715,842
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								-
Total Funding								12,144,803
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-				-	-
Planning & Design	-	-	-				-	-
Engineering	-					1,571,126	-	1,571,126
Construction							8,484,080	8,484,080
Construction Management	-						1,272,612	1,272,612
Staff Time						392,781	424,204	816,985
Total Project Costs		-	-		-	1,963,907	10,180,896	12,144,803
Estimated Future O&M Costs							_	-

Waterfront Promenade along Tulalip Tribes Property

PROJ ID: XXX EST COST: 2,380,000



PROJECT LOCATION:

xxxx block 1st Street, Snohomish County, within Mukilteo and Everett City limits. Zoned Waterfront Mixed Use

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The Downtown Waterfront Master Plan envisions a waterfront promenade that threads together various waterfront properties providing continuous public access along the waterfront. This portion of the promenade is approximately one-quarter mile in length on former tank farm property now owned by the Tulalip Tribes. The Tribes' property lies in both the City of Mukilteo and the City of Everett. The City has a 15 foot wide public access/utility easement on the Tulalip Tribes' property for the promenade. Funding for the project to date includes contributions from the State Recreation and Conservation Office (RCO) and State Capital Fund, the County and the Tulalip Tribes. The Tribes is partnering on the State RCO grant. Prior funding includes approximately \$100,000 from the Port of Everett. Additional funds are needed to complete the project.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

The waterfront promenade will expand shoreline access and recreational opportunities for the public and will tie into other constructed and planned waterfront path and promenade features on other properties. Most recently, Washington State Ferries constructed the portion of the waterfront promenade adjacent to that site. In addition, the project will involve shoreline and habitat improvements to the soft shore. These improvements will use indigenous materials such as gravel, sand, logs, and root masses to create a shoreline that mimics natural processes. The plantings and hard materials will create an enhanced habitat environment on the shoreline and greatly improve the existing riprap condition.

CITY PRIORITY: Habitat Restoration and Shoreline Public Access

ADOPTED PLAN: Downtown Waterfront

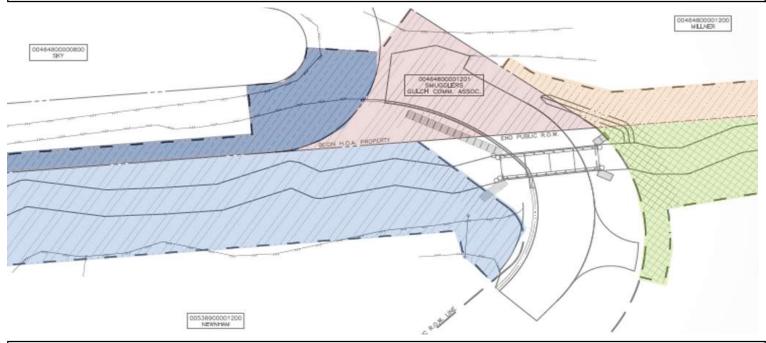
SCHEDULE: 2022-2025

Waterfront Promenade along Tulalip Tribes Property

		REVENU	E & COST E	BREAKDOWN				
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	x II							-
Surface Water Manaş	gement Fees	3						-
Transportation Bene	fit District F	Funds						-
Transportation Impa	ct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								20,000
State Grants								2,350,000
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								10,000
Total Funding								2,380,000
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning & Design	100,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	150,000
Engineering	235,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	235,000
Construction	125,000	415,000	300,000	900,000	-	-	-	1,740,000
Construction Management	15,000	60,000	45,000	135,000	-	-	-	255,000
Staff Time	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Project Costs	475,000	525,000	345,000	1,035,000	-	-	-	2,380,000
Estimated Future O&M Costs				5,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	35,000

61st Place Culvert Improvements

PROJ ID: SW073101 EST COST: \$ 708,000



PROJECT LOCATION:

61st Place West at Smuggler's Gulch Creek

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Replace the existing culvert along 61st Place West at Smuggler's Gulch Creek. Costs shown below are for the construction phase only.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

The improvement of the existing Smugglers Gulch Creek culvert was identified in a 2014 settlement between the City and the Smugglers Gulch Community Association. Design began in 2014 and has experienced a series of delays in obtaining necessary easements and permitting to construct the project.

CITY PRIORITY: Maintain Existing Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: SWMP

SCHEDULE: 2022

61st Place Culvert Improvements

		REVENUE	& COST BRI	EAKDOWN	1			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хII							-
Surface Water Mana	gement Fees							708,000
Transportation Bene	fit District F	unds						-
Transportation Impa	ct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								-
Total Funding							_	708,000
							=	
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning & Design	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering							-	-
Construction	590,000						-	590,000
Construction Management	88,500						-	88,500
Staff Time	29,500						-	29,500
Total Project Costs	708,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	708,000
							1,000	

Chennault Beach Drive Drainage Improvements

PROJ ID: SW220100 EST COST: 4,830,000



PROJECT LOCATION:

Chennault Beach Drive between 60th Avenue W and Marine View Drive

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

This project will improve the drainage along Chennault Beach Drive between 60th Avenue W and Marine View Drive. This project will provide a new drainage system by constructing piped drainage systems, asphalt curbing and shoulder improvements to channel water into existing inlets. The design will start in 2022 with construction anticipated in 2023.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

The Chennault Beach Road Drainage Improvements project is the highest ranking capital project in the 2015 Surface Water Management Plan.

The existing drainage along Chennault Beach Drive is conveyed through an under-developed ditch and culvert system in addition to intermittent piping. This system tends to exceed capacity during periods of high flows causing roadway flooding, debris blocking culverts and inlets, and misplaced inlets.

CITY PRIORITY: Maintain Existing Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: SWMP

SCHEDULE: 2022-2023

Chennault Beach Drive Drainage Improvements

		REVENUE &	COST BR	EAKDOWN	1			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	x II							-
Surface Water Manaş	gement Fees	3						4,830,000
Transportation Bene	fit District I	Funds						-
Transportation Impa	ct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								-
Total Funding								4,830,000
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning & Design		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering	800,000						-	800,000
Construction		3,285,000					-	3,285,000
Construction Management	-	493,000					-	493,000
Staff Time	89,000	163,000					-	252,000
Total Project Costs	889,000	3,941,000	-	-	-	-	-	4,830,000
Estimated Future O&M Costs			1,005	1,040	1,075	1,110	1,150	5,380
Liberinated Fature Octor Cooks								

Mukilteo Lane Drainage Improvements

PROJ ID: SW240100

Project Area

Project Area

PROJECT LOCATION:

Mukilteo Lane between Park Avenue and Mukilteo Boulevard

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

This project will improve the drainage along Mukilteo Lane between Park Avenue and Mukilteo Blvd as identified in the 2015 Surface Water Management Plan. This project will provide a new drainage system by constructing new piped drainage systems, a sediment collection vault, and upsizing the the existing 24-inch diameter Brewery Creek crossing underneath the BNSF right of way with a 36-inch diameter crossing. The design will start in 2024 with construction anticipated in 2026.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

The Mukilteo Lane Drainage Improvements project is the second highest ranking capital project in the 2015 Surface Water Management Plan. Flooding occurs during high flows and the system is capacity limited.

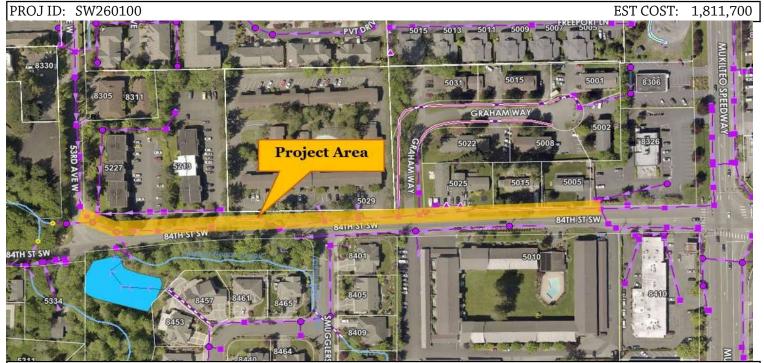
CITY PRIORITY: Maintain Existing Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: SWMP

SCHEDULE: 2024-2026

Mukilteo Lane Drainage Improvements

		REVENU	JE & COST BR	EAKDO	WN			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хII							-
Surface Water Manaş	gement Fees	3						9,263,000
Transportation Bene	fit District I	Funds						-
Transportation Impa	ct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								-
Total Funding								9,263,000
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning & Design		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
								1 400 000
Engineering			1,466,000				-	1,466,000
Engineering Construction			1,466,000		6,254,000		-	6,254,000
9			1,466,000		6,254,000 938,000		- - -	
Construction			1,466,000 293,000				- - -	6,254,000
Construction Construction Management		-		<u>-</u>	938,000	<u>-</u>	- - - -	6,254,000 938,000

84th Street SW Storm Drainage Improvements



PROJECT LOCATION:

84th Street SW from Mukilteo Speedway to 53rd Avenue West

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

This project will improve the drainage along 84th Street SW between the Mukilteo Speedway and 53rd Avenue W as identified in the 2015 Surface Water Management Plan. This project will provide a new drainage system by constructing new 12-inch diameter piped drainage system in the 84th Street right of way, replace the 36-inch diameter pipe that crosses 53rd Avenue W, and replacing a pipe on 53rd Ave W that discharged into the 84th Street system. In addition, inlets will be realigned, added or removed as needed. The design will start in 2026 with construction anticipated in 2027.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

The 84th Street SW Drainage Improvements project is the third highest ranking capital project in the 2015 Surface Water Management Plan. The existing drainage system is conveyed through an under-developed ditch and culvert system. The downstream inlet at the NE corner of 84th Street SW and 53rd Ave W frequently clogs from gravel from the upstream ditch resulting in flooding at the intersection.

CITY PRIORITY: Maintain Existing Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: SWMP

SCHEDULE: 2026-2027

84th Street SW Storm Drainage Improvements REVENUE & COST BREAKDOWN

		REVENU	E & COST	BREAKDO	WN			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	x II							-
Surface Water Manag	gement Fees	3						1,811,700
Transportation Benef	fit District I	Funds						-
Transportation Impa	ct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								
Total Funding								1,811,700
PROJECT COSTS								
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Future Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning & Design		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering					243,400		-	243,400
Construction						1,257,000	-	1,257,000
Construction Management						188,500	-	188,500
Staff Time					60,800	62,000	-	122,800
Total Project Costs		-	-	-	304,200	1,507,500	-	1,811,700
Estimated Future O&M Costs							310	310

64th Pl W & 66th Pl W Drainage Improvements

PROJ ID: SW260200 EST COST: 3,944,500



PROJECT LOCATION:

64th Pl W from South of Central Drive to 66th Pl West, and 66th Pl W from 64th Pl W to Marine View Drive

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

This project will improve the drainage along 64th Place West and 66th Place West as identified in the 2015 Surface Water Management Plan. This project will provide a new drainage system by constructing new 12-inch diameter piped drainage system along 64th Pl W and 66th Pl W. Inlets will be realigned, added or removed as needed. The design will start in 2026 with construction anticipated in 2028.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

This project combines the fourth and fifth highest ranking capital projects in the 2015 Surface Water Management Plan. The existing drainage system is conveyed through an under-developed ditch and culvert system. The driveway culverts and open ditches clog easily, resulting in flooding at driveways and along the roadway.

CITY PRIORITY: Maintain Existing Infrastructure ADOPTED PLAN: SWMP

SCHEDULE: 2026-2028

64th Pl W & 66th Pl W Drainage Improvements

		REVENU	E & COST	BREAKDO	OWN			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Tax	κI							-
Real Estate Excise Tax	κII							-
Surface Water Manag	ement Fees	3						3,944,500
Transportation Benef	it District F	Funds						-
Transportation Impac	t Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								-
Total Funding								3,944,500
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning & Design		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering					516,000		-	516,000
Construction							2,749,600	2,749,600
Construction Management							412,500	412,500
Staff Time					128,900		137,500	266,400
Total Project Costs	-	-	-	-	644,900	-	3,299,600	3,944,500
Estimated Future O&M Costs								-
COULD								

Debt Service on Rosehill Community Center

EST COST: 7,026,000

PROJ ID: DS1997

PROJECT LOCATION:
Rosehill Community Center
PROJECT DESCRIPTION:
Annual debt service payments on general obligation bonds issued for the construction of the Rosehill Community Center. The final year of debt service on the bonds is 2029.
PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:
PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE: Debt service for the Rosehill Community Center.
Debt service for the Rosehill Community Center.

Debt Service on Rosehill Community Center

		REVENUE	& COST I	BREAKDO	WN			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	хI							7,026,000
Real Estate Excise Ta	хII							-
Surface Water Manaş	gement Fees	S						-
Transportation Bene	fit District F	Funds						-
Transportation Impa	ct Fees							-
Other Funds								-
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								-
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								-
Total Funding								7,026,000
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	=
Planning & Design	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	883,000	879,000	876,000	878,000	879,000	875,000	1,756,000	7,026,000
Construction Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Staff Time	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Total Project Costs	883,000	879,000	876,000	878,000	879,000	875,000	1,756,000	7,026,000
Estimated Future O&M Costs								
Estimated Future OXIVI COSTS								-

Annual Facility Renewal

PROJ ID: FC##0100 EST COST: 1,116,000



PROJECT LOCATION:

Citywide

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Maintenance and repairs to City facilities as outlined in the 2016 Facility Renewal Plan and annually updated via city staff cross-functional team analysis for the annual budget process.

PROJECT BENEFIT/RATIONALE:

This project supports investing annually to proactively preserve and maintain the City's facilities.

CITY PRIORITY: Maintain Existing Infrastructure

ADOPTED PLAN: Annual budget

SCHEDULE: Annual

Annual Facility Renewal

]	REVENUE	& COST B	REAKDOW	VN			
FUNDING SOURCE(S):								
City Sources								
Park Impact Fees								-
Real Estate Excise Ta	ax I							-
Real Estate Excise Ta	ax II							-
Surface Water Mana	gement Fees							-
Transportation Bene	efit District F	unds						-
Transportation Impa	act Fees							-
Other Funds								_
Debt Issuance								-
General Fund								1,116,000
County Grants								-
State Grants								-
Federal Grants								-
Other Grants								-
Total Funding								1,116,000
PROJECT COSTS								
							Future	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Year(s)	Total
Right of Way Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning & Design	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Engineering							-	_
Construction	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000		1,116,000
Construction Management							-	_
Staff Time							-	-
Total Project Costs	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	186,000	-	1,116,000
Estimate 1 Esta COM C								
Estimated Future O&M Costs							-	-

APPENDICES



APPENDIX A

20-YEAR PROJECT LISTS



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Background

The GMA requires that a comprehensive plan capital facilities element should identify all capital facilities that are planned to be provided within the planning period, including general location and capacity. Under the GMA, the planning period is 20 years.

The *Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035* includes policy language referencing the 20 year plan. This includes that two capital project lists, a six-year and a 20-year list are to be adopted and that for the most part, projects added to the six-year list are to come from the 20-year list except for the rare circumstances where a deficiency arises unexpectedly.

The *Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035* therefore expresses the importance of the 20 year plan. However, the *Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan 2035* also notes that while costs for projects on the 20-year list should be estimated, because they won't be undertaken in the near future, identifying specific revenue sources to pay for them is not required. Information about projects on the 20-year list, compared to the six-year list, are much more general. Costs are aggregated and specific implementation years are not specified.

A. TRANSPORTATION- 20 Year Project List

(2021 dollars)

Projects (not in priority order)	Estimated Cost
1. 47th Ave. W./107th St. SW Reconstruction	\$ 2,002,229
2. 76th Street SW Roundabout	\$ 3,898,000
3. Chennault Beach Road Widening	\$ 2,882,220
4. Cyrus Way South Improvements	\$ 4,944,500
5. Cyrus Way Widening and Extension	\$ 7,883,150
6. SR-525 Bridge Replacement	\$ 68,900,000
7. Park & Ride	\$ 6,231,500
8. Parking Facility	\$ 16,550,000

SOURCE: City of Mukilteo Six-Year 2022-2027 Transportation Improvement Program, adopted July 21, 2021

B. PARKS AND RECREATION - 20 Year Project List (2017 dollars)

Projects (not in priority order)	Estimated Costs
1. Edgewater Beach Park	\$1,800,000
2. Waterfront Pedestrian Bridge	
(Path Under SR 525 Bridge, Part of Ped Bridge)	\$4,700,000
3. Waterfront Redevelopment Phase II	
A. Mukilteo Lane & Signage	\$ 260,000
4. Waterfront Redevelopment Phase III	
A. Frontage Road Improvements (Front Street at Diamond Know	t) \$ 650,000
5. Hawthorne Hall Revitalization	\$ 1,000,000
6. 92nd Street Park Paved ADA Path	\$ 20,000
7. Japanese Gulch Park -76th Street Trailhead	
A. Natural Play Area, Parking)	\$ 1,860,000
8. Japanese Gulch Park - Conservation Area	
A. (Trails, maintenance path, and boardwalks)	\$ 1,400,000
9. Japanese Gulch Park - Lower Japanese Gulch	\$ 872,000
10. Japanese Gulch Park	
A. Tails and Trails Dog Park Rebuild and Drainage Improvement	s \$ 620,500
12. Lighthouse Park	
A. Phase III & IV	\$ 3,200,000
13. Rosehill Community Center	
A. Playground Equipment	\$ 120,000
14. Waterfront Redevelopment Phase IV	
A. Central Waterfront Park	\$ 5,000000
15. Waterfront Redevelopment Phase V	
A. Front Street Woonerf and Streetscape	\$ 11,000,000
B. Loveland Avenue Path Stairs	\$ 330,000
16. Brewery Creek Park Restoration and Potential Creek	
and Estuary Restoration*	\$ 887,837

^{*}From City of Mukilteo Shoreline Master Program. All other projects are from the City of Mukilteo Parks, Recreation, Open Space and Arts (PROSA) Plan.

Source(s): Parks, Recreation, Open Space and Arts (PROSA) Plan, 2017; Shoreline Master Program (2019)

C. SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT - 20 Year Project List (2015 Dollars)

Projects (not in priority order) Es	stimated Costs		
1. Central Drive Storm Drainage Improvements for Big Gulch Basin	\$ 5,267,000		
2. 62nd Pl W/Canyon Drive Storm Drainage Improvements	\$ 2,852,000		
3. 10th & Loveland Storm Drainage Improvements	\$ 794,000		
4. Horizon Heights Storm System Extension	\$ 150,000		
5. Lighthouse Park Storm Drainage Improvements	\$ 581,000		
6. Whisper Wood Pond W	\$ 190,000		
7. Upper Chennault Culvert Improvement (Access Road)	Undetermined		
8. Central Drive Storm Drainage Improvements for Chennault Beach Basin	Undetermined		
9. 92nd/Hargreaves Storm Drain Extension	Undetermined		
10. 88th St (East) Storm Drainage Improvements	Undetermined		
11. 5th Street Storm Drainage Improvements	Undetermined		
12. Park Avenue Storm Drainage Improvements	Undetermined		
13. Park Avenue Tidegate	Undetermined		
14. 63rd Pl W Storm Drainage Improvements for Big Gulch Basin	Undetermined		
15. 63rd Pl W Storm Drainage Improvements for Chennault Beach Basin	Undetermined		
16. Japanese Gulch/Brewery Creek Headwater Wetland Creation/Enhancement	ent Undetermined		
17. 88th St (West) Storm Drainage Improvements	Undetermined		
18. Goat Trail Pipe Restoration	Undetermined		
19. Lamar Drive Road Reconstruction	Undetermined		
20. 2nd Street Pipe Restoration	Undetermined		
21. Smugglers Gulch/Big Gulch Basin Analysis	Undetermined		
22. Centralized Storm Drainage Facilities for Bluff			
properties - formed through LID	Undetermined		
23. Cornelia/3rd Storm System Extension	Undetermined		
24. 63rd Pl W Slope Stabilization	Undetermined		
25. 53rd Ave Traffic Calming Improvements	Undetermined		
26. Brewery Creek Outfall	Undetermined		
27. 92nd St Park Wetland Restoration & Expansion	Undetermined		
28. Daylight Japanese Gulch Creek	Undetermined		
29. 2nd Street Storm Drainage Extension	Undetermined		
30. 92nd/50th Pl Wetland Restoration & Expansion	Undetermined		
31. 102nd St SW Storm Drainage Improvements	Undetermined		
32. Upper Smugglers Gulch Restoration	Undetermined		
33. Upgrade Culverts for Fish Passage (Japanese, Big Gulch,			
Picnic Pointe) - Include Evaluation of culverts for fish			
passage in those Basins not currently designated as fish bearing streams	Undetermined		
34. Bioremediation Site	Undetermined		
35. North Fork of Big Gulch Stream Restoration & Wetland Creation	TT 1		
(privately owned)	Undetermined		

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Projects (not in priority order)

Estimated Costs

36. 44th Ave Storm Drainage Improvements	Undetermined
37. 53rd Ave Storm System Extension	Undetermined
38. Purchase vacant property @ 106xx 56th Ave W	
(work with Mukilteo School District)	Undetermined
39. Lower Big Gulch Creek Restoration (privately owned)	Undetermined
40. Cyrus Way Wetland Preservation (privately owned)	Undetermined
41. Purchase vacant land to restore natural detention areas	
(can apply to all basins)	Undetermined
42. Harbour Pointe Blvd & 47th Pl W Stream Corridor Enhancement	
(privately owned)	Undetermined
43. 56th Ave W Bioretention Swale	Undetermined
44. 86th Place Evaluation	Undetermined
45. 61st Pl W Road Stabilization	Undetermined

Source: City of Mukilteo Surface Water Management Plan (2015)

D. BY THE WAY PLAN - 20 Year Project List

Estimated Cost

570,979

222,806

561,670

892,254

37,898

584,078

892,254

2,910,364

5,788,392

3,658,716

1,482,352

1,411,207

1,044,570

593,333

678,095

842,682

381,031

706,349

694,177

(2016 dollars)

Projects (not in priority order)

25. 53rd Avenue Sidewalks & Bike Markings

26. 49th Place Transit Connection

28. Possession View Lane Sidewalks

33. Stairstep Path & Bike Markings

35. Harbour Place Shared Use Path

39. 88th Sidewalks & Bike Lanes

29. Chennault Beach Road Bike Markings

31. 62nd Street & Canyon Road Sidewalks

36. Beverly Park Intersection Improvements

38. 92nd Street Sidewalk & Bike Markings

42. 53rd Avenue Sidewalks & Bike Markings

27. 11th Street Sidewalk

30. Park Ave Sidewalks

32. 81st Place SW Sidewalks

37. 84th Street Sidewalks

40. Cyrus Way Sidewalks

41. 121st Bike Connection

43. Cyrus Way Sidewalks

34. Washington Ave Sidewalks

526 Shared Use Path 6,653,161 Mid-Town Mukilteo Sidewalk & Bike Markings 5,317,815 44th Shared-Use Path 1,945,548 4. SR 525 Bike Lane 34,437 5. SR 525 Sidewalks & Bike Markings 1,921,561 6. Cyrus Way Sidewalks 764,826 7. Chennault Beach Drive Sidewalk & Bike Markings 4,342,738 8. Central Drive Sidewalk & Bike Markings 2,974,219 9. Possession Way Bike Markings 75,763 10. 64th Place West Sidewalks 1,765,251 11. Blue Heron Drive Bike Markings 27,415 12. South Road Markings \$ 86,094 13. 80th/81st Crossing 120,946 14. SR 525 Corridor Study 129,399 15. Harbour Pointe Blvd. North Cycle Track 88,144 16. Endeavor Elementary Shared Use Path 1,108,536 17. Stairstep Path & Bike Markings 5,788,392 18. 86th Crossing 120,946 19. 88th Street Sidewalks & Bike Markings 214,523 20. Beverly Park Intersection Improvements 287,267 21. 2nd Street Crosswalk 120,946 22. Goat Trail Path & Bike Markings 2,306,767 23. 80th Sidewalks & Sharrows 2,155,825 24. Sky Hila Pathway Safe Route to School 2,479,848

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Projects (not in priority order)

Estimated Cost

44. 53rd Avenue Sidewalks & Bike Markings	\$ 1,185,704
45. Shared Use Path to Old Town	\$ 667,590
46. Chennault Beach Gulch Shared Use Path	\$ 220,716
47. Chennault Beach Road Bike Markings	\$ 30,779
48. Loveland Avenue Sidewalks	\$ 220,181
49. Share Use Path from Mukilteo Blvd to Boeing Recreation Center	\$ 2,781,490
50. 54th Avenue Sidewalks & Bike Markings	\$ 2,694,782
51. 92nd Street Sidewalk & Bike Markings	\$ 4,419,442
52. Airport Road Shared Use Path	\$ 14,761,032
53. Goat Trail Pedestrian Bridge	\$ 7,763,975
54. Cyrus Way Road Extension	\$ 5,527,497

SOURCE: By the Way Plan (2017)

APPENDIX B

City of Mukilteo Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Element

Goals and Policies

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CF1: THE CITY SHALL ADOPT LEVELS OF SERVICE STANDARDS AND OTHER BENCHMARKS THEN CONTINUOUSLY MONITOR THE ADEQUACY OF ITS CAPITAL FACILITIES TO MEET THOSE STANDARDS.

CF2: TWO CAPITAL PROJECT LISTS, A 6-YEAR AND A 20-YEAR LIST, SHALL BE ADOPTED ANNUALLY BY CITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION.

CF2a. The 6-year capital project list shall be reviewed annually and, if necessary, revised to accommodate projected demands and revenues.

CF2b. Projects added to the 6-year list shall always come from the 20-year list except for the rare circumstances where a deficiency arises unexpectedly.

CF2c. Projects that address a current or projected deficiency are the highest priorities.

CF2d. The following factors not related to addressing a deficiency, which are in priority order, should be considered when placing projects on the 20-year capital project list:

- 1. Protection of public health, safety and welfare.
- 2. Potential to receive grants or outside dollars to help pay for the project.
- 3. The severity and nature of threats the project would address.
- 4. The number of funding sources a project is eligible for.
- 5. Cost to operate and maintain the facility
- 6. Maintenance or redevelopment of existing facilities to extend their useful life
- 7. Conservation of energy and natural resources.

CF2e. A ranking system shall be developed to determine the process by which projects on the 20-year list are moved to the 6-year list. The system shall be designed so:

- Projects from each capital project category are on the 6-year list;
- The cost for ongoing operations and maintenance of the facility is considered;
- Priority is given to projects which:
 - fill service gaps;
 - serve the greatest number of people;
 - address gaps in service;
 - equitable distribution, both geographically and social-economically, of capital project dollars spent is considered;
 - are intended to meet state and federal requirements.

CF2f. The following factors may be considered to prioritize the projects (this list is in priority order of importance):

- 1. Improvements that increase safety and reduce threats to life and property.
- 2. Fulfill immediate Level of Service standard issues.
- 3. Resolve major infrastructure maintenance needs
- 4. Have financial commitments have in place.

5. Identified as having only a minor effect on maintenance or safety but reflect desires of the community.

CF2g. A project may be placed on a capital projects list solely because an unexpected opportunity presented itself, but not if doing so means reducing the city's ability to address an inadequacy.

CF2h. Volunteerism should be encouraged to lower costs to build, operate and maintain capital projects.

CF3: THROUGH SITE SELECTION AND DESIGN, OPPORTUNITIES TO MINIMIZE THE IMPACT OF CAPITAL FACILITIES ON THE ENVIRONMENT, AND IF POSSIBLE ENHANCE THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT, SHOULD BE SOUGHT.

CF3a. Capital projects whose primary objective is to protect the environment and enhance natural habitat should be considered, evaluated and constructed.

CF4: FINANCING PLANS FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS SHALL BE ACHIEVABLE, REASONABLE AND SHALL CONSIDER A VARIETY OF FUNDING SOURCES.

CF4a. All available funding and financing mechanisms which a capital project is eligible to use should be considered when developing a financing plan for that project.

CF4b. Impact mitigation fee regulations shall be regularly reviewed to ensure they reflect current information, potential projects, and estimated costs.

CF4c. The cost of expanding existing or building new capital facilities to meet the demands created by population growth shall be paid by new development. It shall not be borne by existing taxpayers. CF4d. Any funds generated by a sale should be used on capital projects designed to meet a level of service standard or to provide a new service.

CF4e. Funding for extremely high-cost projects which cannot reasonably be paid for through a single year budget allocation, may be secured by setting aside dollars every year over a period of years to compile the necessary funds or by issuing debt.

CF4f. Except for the most extraordinary circumstances, funds designated for a project over multiple years shall not be spent on any other capital project or to fulfill another financial need.

CF4g. High-cost capital projects for which funding must be accumulated over several years shall not be started until funding for the entire project has either been banked or identified.

CF5: THE CITY OF MUKILTEO SHALL CONTINUE TO ASSESS THE ADEQUACY OF ITS OWN CAPITAL FACILITIES TO MEET CITY STANDARDS AND SHALL WORK WITH ALL OUTSIDE SERVICE PROVIDERS TO DETERMINE THEIR ABILITY TO CONTINUE TO MEET THEIR SERVICE STANDARDS OVER THE 20-YEAR TIMEFRAME OF THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN.

CF5a. Mukilteo should work with other agencies to coordinate capital infrastructure projects to reduce project costs and the frequency of disruption due to construction activity in the same locations.

APPENDIX C

DEFINITIONS



The following are select capital facilities related definitions from the Growth Management Act ("GMA", RCW 36.70A.030) as well as the GMA procedural criteria for the adoption comprehensive plans and development regulations (Chapter 365-196 WAC). Definitions from the Growth Management Act are identified **in bold.**

"Adequate public facilities" means facilities which have the capacity to serve development without decreasing levels of service below locally established minimums.

"Comprehensive land use plan," "comprehensive plan," or "plan" means a generalized coordinated land use policy statement of the governing body of a county or city that is adopted pursuant to this chapter.

"Concurrency" means that adequate public facilities are available when the impacts of development occur, or within a specified time thereafter. This definition includes the concept of "adequate public facilities" as defined above.

"Demand management strategies" or "transportation demand management strategies" means strategies designed to change travel behavior to make more efficient use of existing facilities to meet travel demand. Examples of demand management strategies can include strategies that:

- (a) Shift demand outside of the peak travel time;
- (b) Shift demand to other modes of transportation;
- (c) Increase the average number of occupants per vehicle;
- (d) Decrease the length of trips; and
- (e) Avoid the need for vehicle trips.

"Financial commitment" means that sources of public or private funds or combinations thereof have been identified which will be sufficient to finance public facilities necessary to support development and that there is reasonable assurance that such funds will be timely put to that end.

"Level of service" means an established minimum capacity of public facilities or services that must be provided per unit of demand or other appropriate measure of need. Level of service standards are synonymous with locally established minimum standards.

"Public facilities" include streets, roads, highways, sidewalks, street and road lighting systems, traffic signals, domestic water systems, storm and sanitary sewer systems, parks and recreational facilities, and schools.

"Public services" include fire protection and suppression, law enforcement, public health, education, recreation, environmental protection, and other governmental services.

"Transportation facilities" includes capital facilities related to air, water, or land transportation.

"Transportation level of service standards" means a measure which describes the operational condition of the travel stream and acceptable adequacy requirements. Such standards may be expressed in terms such as speed and travel time, freedom to maneuver, traffic interruptions, comfort, convenience, geographic accessibility, and safety.

"Urban governmental services" or "urban services" include those public services and public facilities at an intensity historically and typically provided in cities, specifically including storm and sanitary sewer systems, domestic water systems, street cleaning services, fire and police protection services, public transit services, and other public utilities associated with urban areas and normally not associated with rural areas.

"Urban growth" refers to growth that makes intensive use of land for the location of buildings, structures, and impermeable surfaces to such a degree as to be incompatible with the primary use of land for the production of food, other agricultural products, or fiber, or the extraction of mineral resources, rural uses, rural development, and natural resource lands designated pursuant to RCW $\underline{36.70A.170}$. A pattern of more intensive rural development, as provided in RCW $\underline{36.70A.070}(5)(d)$, is not urban growth. When allowed to spread over wide areas, urban growth typically requires urban governmental services. "Characterized by urban growth" refers to land having urban growth located on it, or to

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land located in relationship to an area with urban growth on it as to be appropriate for urban growth.

"Visioning" means a process of citizen involvement to determine values and ideals for the future of a community and to transform those values and ideals into manageable and feasible community goals.



APPENDIX D

Ordinance No. XXXX

ADOPTING ORDINANCE

EXHIBIT C

Mukilteo City Council Findings of Fact & Conclusions

(DRAFT AT THIS TIME: TO BE MODIFIED AS NEEDED TO REFLECT PLANNING COMMISSION AND CITY COUNCIL ACTIONS) Based on the review of the final drafts of the Comprehensive Plan Capital Facilities Plan amendments, including the Six-Year 2022-2027 Six-Year Capital Improvement Program, 20-year Capital Improvement Program and Ordinance No. XXXX the Mukilteo City Council makes the following Findings of Fact:

- 1. The Growth Management Act (GMA), Chapter 36.70A RCW, required all cities within Snohomish and other counties experiencing rapid growth to adopt Comprehensive Plans meeting the goals and policies of the GMA no later than December 31, 1994.
- 2. On December 27, 1994, the City of Mukilteo adopted its GMA-based Comprehensive Plan.
- 3. The last Comprehensive Plan amendments were adopted in 2021.
- 4. The Washington State Growth Management Act (GMA) requires counties and cities to prepare Capital Facilities Elements pursuant to RCW 36.70A.070 to provide adequate public facilities to serve existing and new development, reduce the cost of serving new development with public facilities; and ensure that these facilities will be in place when development occurs.
- 5. The City of Mukilteo (City) Comprehensive Plan includes a Capital Facilities Element with Goals and Policies, references to more detailed capital improvement plans in other GMA adopted plans, as well as an appendix with a six-year capital improvement program and twenty year capital improvement program.
- 6. Chapter 36.70A RCW further provides that updates, amendments or revisions to the comprehensive plan may be considered no more than once per year, except in limited circumstances.
- 7. The Growth Management Act (RCW 36. 70A. 130) provides for an exception to the one amendment per year for capital facilities element amendments adopted concurrently with the adoption of the city budget or budget amendment.
- 8. As part of the 2020 Comprehensive Plan amendment cycle, the City initiated amendments to several items including an update to the Capital Facilities Element.
- 9. On August 3, 2020, the City Council held a duly-noticed public hearing and voted to move the request to the 2020 Final Docket for further review.

10. Pursuant to the State Environmental Policy Act, the City of Mukilteo was designated as the lead agency for review of the proposed amendment. A Determination of Non-Significance was issued pursuant to WAC 197-11-600(4)(a) on September 2, 2021.

11. APPEAL FINDING PLACEHOLDER

- 12. Pursuant to RCW 36.70A.106(1) the Department of Commerce was sent a notice on September 2, 2021 of the intent to amend the Comprehensive Plan more than 60 days before the implementing ordinance will be adopted.
- 13. In accordance with the State of Washington Planning laws, Mukilteo Municipal Code and other regulations, the Mukilteo Planning Commission has jurisdiction to hear and consider this matter and forward their recommendation on the proposed Capital Facilities Element amendments to the Mukilteo City Council.
- 14. The Mukilteo Planning Commission held a public hearing on the proposed Capital Facilities Element amendments on September 16, 2021 and recommended the City Council ______ the amendments.
- 15. Staff prepared a report summarizing the proposed Capital Facilities Element amendments which is part of the public presented to the Mukilteo City Council at a public hearing on X, 2021, for its consideration.
- 16. Notice of all of the hearings on this matter have been conducted in accordance with the City of Mukilteo rules and regulations governing such matters.

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and after considering staff comments, the preliminary recommendation of the Planning Commission and public testimony, the Mukilteo City Council hereby makes the following conclusions regarding Ordinance No. XXXX:

- 1. All public notice requirements have been met.
- 2. The 2021 Capital Facilities Element amendments will not have an adverse significant impacts upon the environment and the issuance of the September 2, 2021 SEPA Determination of Non-Significance (DNS) for the non-project action (SEP-2020-013) is proper and appropriate.
- 3. The 2021 Capital Facilities Element amendments are/are not appropriate and will/will not serve the public health, safety and general welfare.

- 4. The 2021 Capital Facilities Element amendments are/are not consistent with the GMA.
- 5. PLACEDHOLDER TO REFLECT FINAL ACTION

LAND USE & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE AGENDA REPORT			
SUBJECT TITLE: Mukilteo Boys and Girls Club - Public Use Agreement	FOR AGENDA OF: September 8, 2021		
Contact Staff: David Osaki, Community Development Director	EXHIBITS: 1. Boys and Girls Clubs of Snohomish County - Public Use Agreement (Draft Addendum No. 6)		
Department Director: David Osaki, Community Development Director			

Recommendation

Land Use & Economic Development Committee ("LU&ED Committee") to discuss an agreement (Addendum No. 6) with the Boys and Girls Clubs of Snohomish County to establish public use of the building and revise public use provisions for use of the ballfield.

Background

The Mukilteo Boys and Girls Clubs of Snohomish County (BGCSC) officially opened its new Mukilteo facility at 10600 47th Place West in January 2019. The facility includes a building, with a gym, and also a multi-purpose ballfield.

The Mukilteo Boys and Girls Club is located on City owned property. The property and building is subject to a lease agreement with the City. The lease was originally entered into in 2006 and has been amended five times since, most recently in 2019 for a shared use parking agreement between Electroimpact, the BGCSC and the City.

As the new Mukilteo BGCSC facility approached its opening, the City Council expressed interest in entering into an agreement with the BGCSC to address public use of the facility. That discussion focused mainly on public use of the new building, especially since the building includes a gym.

In January 28, 2019, proposed use agreement language agreed to between City staff and the BGCSC was brought forward to the City Council for discussion. That proposed language stated.

"Public Use of Facility.

The Boys and Girls Club of Snohomish County agree to allow the public to use the building and recreational fields on a space available basis when not being used for youth programs. Public use time will vary depending on the programming needs of the Boys and Girls Club; however, the Club shall provide open use times quarterly to the City which will then be advertised to the community. Any increases in staffing or costs necessary to cover the public use time shall be negotiated between the City and the Boys and Girls Club with the City's yearly budget or as needed."

Council direction was for an agreement that was more specific on fees.

Since that time, further discussions between the BGCSC and the City staff were held, but was postponed pending the BGCSC desire to wait until the hiring of a new Mukilteo unit director. The onset of COVID postponed any further discussions, which were then restarted earlier this year.

Draft Public Use Agreement - Provisions

The 2006 lease agreement between the City of Mukilteo and the BGCSC has a provision for public use of ball fields, which is in effect, that states.

"C. Scheduling Use of Premises by Other Agencies. Lessee shall schedule and make available any ball fields constructed on the premises to other community-based groups to provide recreation services to school age children. Lessee may charge a nominal fee (subject to approval of Lessor) for such use. Any community-based group which uses the facilities will be required to provide evidence of insurance acceptable to Lessee and to indemnify and hold harmless the Lessee and Lessor. Lessee shall not be obligated to allow use of the ball fields if such use materially restricts Lessee's ability to conduct its own recreational programs or services."

However, there is no specific provision for general public use of the building.

Exhibit 1 is the latest draft Agreement discussed between the City and BGCSC. The BGCSC finds this draft Agreement acceptable.

In developing this Agreement, the BGCSC Executive Director indicated that it has always been his vision that the building would be made available to the public when not in conflict with Boys and Girls Clubs activities. Public use of the various BGCSC facilities in Snohomish County are already allowed (in a non-COVID situation). The draft Agreement formalizes this for Mukilteo.

The draft Agreement contains provisions that:

- Specifically identifies available times of use and fees for two building features:
 - o Gymnasium; and,
 - o Community Room

(Other parts of the building, such as the computer lab, would not be available for general public use given the equipment in that room.)

- Allow use of the building more frequently during the non-school year that during the school year.
- Provide that use of the building is allowed after hours as well as on Sundays when the Boys and Girls Clubs facility is normally closed.
- Allows for use of the ballfield subject to availability and payment of a fee.
- For both the ballfield and the building, identifies specific fees. The fees are to remain in place at the level specified in the Agreement for at least one year from the execution of the Agreement.
- After one year, allows fee increases up to 20% over the amount identified in the Agreement, subject to approval by the City Administrator. Fee increases (or cumulative increases) over 20% of the amount specified in the Agreement require City Council approval.

The BGCSC indicated it will monitor costs of providing public use, including staffing, so a request for a future fee increase could occur.

ALTERNATIVES

None.

EXHIBIT 1

SIXTH ADDENDUM TO LEASE AGREEMENT BETWEEN CITY OF MUKILTEO AND BOYS & GIRLS CLUBS OF SNOHOMISH COUNTY

THIS SIXTH ADDENDUM is made to that certain Lease Agreement dated September 28, 2006 for Property generally located at 10600 47th Place West by and between the CITY OF MUKILTEO, a Washington municipal corporation (the "Lessor"), and BOYS & GIRLS CLUBS OF SNOHOMISH COUNTY, a Washington non-profit corporation (the "Lessee"), recorded at Snohomish County Auditor's File No. 200611020736 (the "Lease Agreement").

RECITALS

- **A.** The City and BGCSC's partnership dates from 1961 when the Mukilteo Boys Club was granted its charter and started serving the Mukilteo community in a City-owned building on 2nd Street; and
- **B.** The BGCSC is an important part of Mukilteo's community as they provide convenient and affordable family support services through their daycare, sports programs, and summer camps; and
- **C.** The BGCSC has completed the construction of a new, modern facility building, centrally located in Harbour Pointe to increase the access and availability of the Club for families in Mukilteo and Southwest Snohomish County; and
- **D.** This new building is located on 12 acres of City-owned land and includes a gymnasium, community meeting room, a teen center, and a computer lab; and
 - E. BGCSC development of the City-owned land also includes a ballfield; and
- **F.** The City and other public agencies have financially contributed to the BGCSC development of the property; and
- **G.** The City desires to provide for public use of the building and ballfield on a space available basis when not being used for youth programs;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the agreement set forth below and for other good and valuable consideration, the City and BGCSC agree as follows:

- **Section 1.** Section 5 "Purpose/Use", Subsection 5.C "Scheduling Use of Premises by Other agencies" is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with a new subsection 5.C and 5.D as follows:
 - 5. **Purpose/Use.** In addition to the terms and conditions of this lease, the use of the property shall be subject, specifically to the restrictions and/or conditions of the Quit Claim Deed attached hereto as Exhibit A. As is reflected therein Lessee shall use the premises to provide recreation and recreational facilities to serve school-age children.
 - A. Physical Improvements: Lessee shall improve the premises, substantially in form as described in Exhibit B, attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference. Such improvements shall be subject to the approval of the Lessor; shall be designed, constructed, and maintained at the sole expense of the Lessee; and shall be substantially completed not later than December 31, 2012. Once the property is improved, Lessee shall maintain the premises and all improvements, landscaping, fixtures and equipment which are placed there as a quality community recreation facility for school-age children and in a neat, clean, safe and sanitary condition and shall at all times preserve the premises in good and safe repair. Upon the expiration of the lease, Lessee shall transfer ownership of the foregoing improvements in good condition, ordinary wear and tear accepted, to Lessor.
 - B. **Recreational Services to be Provided**. Upon completion of the physical improvements described in paragraph 5(a), Lessee shall provide upon the premises, at its sole cost, not less than 1,500 hours per calendar year of recreational programming and services for school age children.
 - C. <u>Scheduling Use of Premises by Other Agencies.</u> Lessee shall schedule and make available any ball fields constructed on the premises to other community-based groups to provide recreation services to school age children. Lessee may charge a nominal fee (subject to approval of Lessor) for such use. Any community-based group which uses the facilities will be required to provide evidence of insurance acceptable to Lessee and to indemnify and hold harmless the Lessee and Lessor. Lessee shall not be obligated to allow use of the ball fields if such use materially restricts Lessee's ability to conduct its own recreational programs or services.
 - C. Public Use of Facility. The Lessee agrees to allow the public to use the building and ballfield on a space available basis when not being used for its youth programs.

 Lessee shall not be obligated to allow use of the building and ballfield if such use materially restricts Lessee's ability to conduct its own recreational programs or services. Any group which uses the building or recreational field will be required to provide evidence of insurance to indemnify and hold harmless the Lessee and Lessor.

D. Public Use Availability and Fees.

Public use time will vary depending on the programming needs of the Lessee and will generally follow the times identified below. The Lessee shall provide open use times to the Lessor twice per year, prior to the school year and prior to the summer, to confirm consistency with the availability below and whether any revisions warrant an addendum. The fees below shall be the maximum for at least one year from execution of this addendum. After the one year period, any fee increase (or cumulative increases) up to 20 percent of the fees identified below may be approved administratively by the City Administrator. Any fee increase (or cumulative increases) which exceed 20 percent of the fee identified below shall require an addendum subject to City Council approval.

	TIME OF YEAR/AVAILABILITY			
FACILITY/	DURING SCHOOL	DURING SCHOOL	DURING	
RENTAL FEE	YEAR	YEAR (NON-	SUMMER	
	(SCHOOL DAYS)	SCHOOL DAYS)		
<u>Gymnasium*</u>	Monday-Friday	Monday-Friday	Monday-Friday	
• <u>Non-</u>	• <u>9am - 1pm</u>	 After 6pm (if no 	• <u>After 6pm</u>	
<u>Tournament:</u>	 After 6pm (if no 	conflict with Boys		
<u>\$50 per hour</u>	conflict with Boys	<u>& Girls Clubs</u>		
	<u>& Girls Clubs</u>	<u>activities)</u>	<u>Saturday</u>	
• <u>Tournaments:</u>	<u>activities)</u>		• <u>All day (if no</u>	
<u>\$100 per day</u>	_	1	conflict with	
plus \$50 per	<u>Saturday</u>	Saturday	Boys and Girls	
<u>hour</u>	• <u>After 6pm</u>	• After 6pm	<u>Clubs activities</u>)	
		a 1		
	Sunday	<u>Sunday</u>	Sunday	
	• <u>All day</u>	• <u>All day</u>	• <u>All day</u>	
Community	<u> Monday - Friday</u>	<u> Monday - Friday</u>	<u>Daily</u>	
Room*	• <u>9am-1pm</u>	 After 6pm (if no 	• <u>All Day</u>	
• <u>\$25.00 per hour</u>		conflict with Boys		
	 After 6pm (if no 	<u>& Girls Clubs</u>		
	conflict with Boys	<u>activities)</u>		
	<u>& Girls Clubs</u>			
	<u>activities)</u>			
	C-11	Catumday		
	Saturday	Saturday		
	• <u>All day</u>	• <u>All day</u>		
	Cundov	Sunday		
	Sunday	• All day		
	• <u>All day</u>	• All day		

	TIME OF YEAR/AVAILABILITY			
FACILITY/ RENTAL FEE	DURING SCHOOL YEAR (SCHOOL DAYS)	DURING SCHOOL YEAR (NON- SCHOOL DAYS)	DURING SUMMER	
Ballfields** • Non- Tournament: \$50 per hour	Monday - Friday • 6am-5pm (during sports seasons)**	Monday - Friday • After 6pm (during non-sports seasons)**	Daily (July- August only) • On space available basis	
• Tournaments: \$100 per day plus \$50 per hour	Saturday • All day (during non-sports seasons)**	Saturday • All day (during non-sports seasons)**		
	• On space available basis during sports season	• On space available basis during sports season		
	• All day (during sports and non-sports seasons)**	• All day (during sports and non-sports seasons)**		

^{*} The building facility will generally be available after hours up to 11:00pm in the evening, subject to BGCSC staffing availability. (Ballfield has no lighting. Use of ballfield facility will be limited by availability of daylight.)

- ** The "Sports Season" is:
 - September November; and,
 - March June

The "Non-Sports Season" is:

- December February; and,
- July August

Section 2. All provisions in the original Lease Agreement as subsequently modified by addenda remains in effect, except as expressly modified by this Addendum.

DATED this	day of _	, 2021.
BOYS AND GIRLS CL SNOHOMISH COUNT		CITY OF MUKILTEO
By:		By:
By:	ive Director	By: Jennifer Gregerson, Mayor
		APPROVED AS TO FORM: Office of the City Attorney
STATE OF WASHING	•	SS.
COUNTY OF SNOHOL	•	
person who appeared execute the instrument	before me, and at and acknowle county, to be the	tisfactory evidence that <u>Bill Tsoukalas</u> is the said persons acknowledged that he was authorized to dged it as the <u>Executive Director</u> of the <u>Boys and Girls</u> e free and voluntary act and deed of such party for the instrument.
DATED:		
	_ p	Printed:
	N	NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR WASHINGTON
	N	Residing at: My appointment expires:
STATE OF WASHING	TON)	SS.
COUNTY OF SNOHOL	MISH)	

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Addendum as of the date first

above written.

I certify that I know or have	satisfactory evidence that	Jennifer Gregerson	_ is
the persons who appeared before m	e, and said persons acknowle	dged that she was autho	rized
to execute the instrument and acknowledge	owledged it as the <u>Mayor</u> of t	he <u>City of Mukilteo</u> , to b	e the
free and voluntary act and deed of	such party for the uses and	l purposes mentioned in	n this
instrument.			
DATED:			
			_
	Printed:		_
	NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND	FOR WASHINGTON	
	Residing at:		_
	My appointment expires:		

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